INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Controller Area Network (DoCAN) —

Part 2:
Transport protocol and network layer services

Véhicules routiers — Communication de diagnostic sur gestionnaire de réseau de communication (DoCAN) —

Partie 2: Protocole de transport et services de la couche réseau

Contents

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15765-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Electrical and electronic equipment*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 15765-2:2004), which has been technically revised.

ISO 15765 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Controller Area Network (DoCAN)*:

— *Part 1: General information and use case definition*

— *Part 2: Transport protocol and network layer services*

— *Part 3: Implementation of unified diagnostic services (UDS on CAN)*

— *Part 4: Requirements for emissions-related systems*

Introduction

This part of ISO 15765 has been established in order to define common requirements for vehicle diagnostic systems implemented on a controller area network (CAN) communication link, as specified in ISO 11898. Although primarily intended for diagnostic systems, it also meets requirements from other CAN-based systems needing a network layer protocol.

To achieve this, it is based on the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Basic Reference Model in accordance with ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731, which structures communication systems into seven layers as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 — Enhanced and legislated on-board diagnostics specifications applicable to the OSI layers

Applicability	OSI 7 layers	Vehicle-manufacturer-enhanced diagnostics	Legislated OBD (on-board diagnostics)		Legislated WWH-OBD (on-board diagnostics)	
Seven layers according to ISO/IEC 7498-1 and ISO/IEC 10731	Application (layer 7)	ISO 14229-1, ISO 14229-3	ISO 15031-5		ISO 27145-3, ISO 14229-1	
	Presentation (layer 6)	Vehicle manufacturer specific	ISO 15031-2, ISO 15031-5, ISO 15031-6, SAE J1930-DA, SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA		ISO 27145-2, SAE 1930-DA, SAE J1979-DA, SAE J2012-DA, SAE J1939:2011, Appendix C (SPN), SAE J1939-73:2010, Appendix A (FMI)	
	Session (layer 5)	ISO 14229-2				
	Transport protocol (layer 4)	ISO 15765-2	ISO 15765-2	ISO 15765-4	ISO 15765-4, ISO 15765-2	ISO 27145-4
	Network (layer 3)					
	Data link (layer 2)	ISO 11898-1 ISO 11898-2 ISO 11898-3 ISO 11898-5 or user defined	ISO 11898-1, ISO 11898-2		ISO 15765-4, ISO 11898-1, ISO 11898-2	
	Physical (layer 1)					

The application layer services covered by ISO 14229-3 have been defined in compliance with diagnostic services established in ISO 14229-1 and ISO 15031-5, but are not limited to use only with them. ISO 14229-3 is also compatible with most diagnostic services defined in national standards or vehicle manufacturer's specifications.

The transport protocol and network layer services covered by this part of ISO 15765 have been defined to be independent of the physical layer implemented, and a physical layer is only specified for legislated OBD.

For other application areas, ISO 15765 can be used with any CAN physical layer.

Road vehicles — Diagnostic communication over Controller Area Network (DoCAN) —

Part 2:
Transport protocol and network layer services

1 Scope

This part of ISO 15765 specifies a transport protocol and network layer services tailored to meet the requirements of CAN-based vehicle network systems on controller area networks as specified in ISO 11898. It has been defined in accordance with the diagnostic services established in ISO 14229-1 and ISO 15031-5, but is not limited to use with them and is also compatible with most other communication needs for in-vehicle networks. The protocol specifies an unconfirmed communication.

The diagnostic communication over controller area network (DoCAN) protocol supports the standardized service primitive interface as specified in ISO 14229-2.

This part of ISO 15765 provides the transport protocol and network layer services to support different application-layer implementations such as

— enhanced vehicle diagnostics (emissions-related system diagnostics beyond legislated functionality, non-emissions-related system diagnostics),

— emissions-related on-board diagnostics (OBD) as specified in ISO 15031, and

— world-wide harmonized on-board diagnostics (WWH-OBD) as specified in ISO 27145.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 7498-1, *Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model*

ISO 11898-1, *Road vehicles — Controller area network (CAN) — Part 1: Data link layer and physical signalling*

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 7498-1 apply.

3.2 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviated terms apply.

BS	BlockSize
CAN	controller area network
CF	ConsecutiveFrame