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VÄRVID JA LAKID. TERASKONSTRUKTSIOONIDE KORROSIOONITÕRJE KAITSVATE VÄRVKATTESÜSTEEMIDEGA. OSA 6: LABORATOORSED TOIMIVUSE KATSEMEETODID

Paints and varnishes - Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems - Part 6: Laboratory performance test methods (ISO 12944-6:2018)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

6			
See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 12944-6:2018 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 12944-6:2018 ingliskeelset teksti.			
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		
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Peintures et vernis - Anticorrosion des structures en acier par systèmes de peinture - Partie 6: Essais de performance en laboratoire (ISO 12944-6:2018)

Beschichtungsstoffe - Korrosionsschutz von Stahlbauten durch Beschichtungssysteme - Teil 6: Laborprüfungen zur Bewertung von Beschichtungssystemen (ISO 12944-6:2018)

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 12944-6:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35 "Paints and varnishes" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 12944-6:1998.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 12944-6:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 12944-6:2018 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 14, *Protective paint systems for steel structures*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 12944-6:1998), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated;
- the terms and definitions have been revised;
- <u>4.2</u> "Additional performance tests" has been revised and the Note deleted;
- <u>5.1</u> "Test panels" has been revised;
- <u>5.4</u> "Paint systems" has been revised and requirements for maximum film thickness added;
- <u>5.6</u> "Test procedures and duration" has been revised and includes a revised <u>Table 1</u>;
- <u>Table 1</u> "Test procedures for paint systems applied to carbon steel, hot dip galvanized steel or steel with thermal-sprayed metallic coating" has been divided into two separate tables, one containing categories C1 to C5 and one containing categories Im1 to Im3;
- the former <u>Table 2</u> has been deleted;
- <u>Clause 6</u> "Paint system assessment" has been revised;
- in <u>6.2</u> a new <u>Table 3</u> "Assessment before artificial ageing" has been included;
- in <u>6.3</u> a new <u>Table 4</u> "Assessment after artificial ageing for the specified time" has been included;
- in <u>Clause 7</u> "Test report" the following items were added: "photographic documents [...]", "thickness
 of zinc layer [...]", and "thickness of the thermal-sprayed metallic coating [...]";

- <u>Annex A</u> has been revised and <u>Figures A.1</u> and <u>A.2</u> have been added;
- a new normative <u>Annex B</u> "Cyclic ageing test" has been added;
- the former <u>Annex B</u> has been deleted;
- a Bibliography has been added;
- the text has been editorially revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12944 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Unprotected steel in the atmosphere, in water and in soil is subject to corrosion that can lead to damage. Therefore, to avoid corrosion damage, steel structures are normally protected to withstand the corrosion stresses to which they will be subjected during the service life required of the structure.

There are different ways of protecting steel structures from corrosion. ISO 12944 (all parts) deals with protection by paint systems and covers, in the various parts, all features that are important in achieving adequate corrosion protection. Additional or other measures are possible but require particular agreement between the interested parties.

In order to ensure effective corrosion protection of steel structures, owners of such structures, planners, consultants, companies carrying out corrosion protection work, inspectors of protective coatings and manufacturers of coating materials need to have at their disposal state-of-the-art information in concise form on corrosion protection by paint systems. It is vital that such information is as complete as possible, unambiguous and easily understandable to avoid difficulties and misunderstandings between the parties concerned with the practical implementation of protection work.

ISO 12944 (all parts) is intended to give this information in the form of a series of instructions. It is written for those who have some technical knowledge. It is also assumed that the user of ISO 12944 (all parts) is familiar with other relevant International Standards, in particular those dealing with surface preparation.

Although ISO 12944 (all parts) does not deal with financial and contractual questions, attention is drawn to the fact that, because of the considerable implications of inadequate corrosion protection, non-compliance with requirements and recommendations given in this document can result in serious financial consequences.

ISO 12944-1 defines the overall scope of ISO 12944. It gives some basic terms and definitions and a general introduction to the other parts of ISO 12944. Furthermore, it includes a general statement on health, safety and environmental protection, and guidelines for using ISO 12944 (all parts) for a given project.

This document provides a way of assessing paint systems by means of laboratory tests in order to be able to select the most suitable.

Cyclic ageing testing according to Annex B is introduced within this document. It is currently used in C5 VH/ H and C4 VH. In case of C5 H and C4 VH the test regime including salt spray and condensation test can still be used as alternative to cyclic ageing test. For the future, it is intended to remove salt spray and condensation tests as alternative tests for C5 H and C4 VH.

Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems —

Part 6: Laboratory performance test methods

1 Scope

This document specifies laboratory test methods and test conditions for the assessment of paint systems for the corrosion protection of carbon steel structures.

The test results are intended to be considered as an aid in the selection of suitable paint systems and not as exact information for determining durability.

This document covers protective paint systems designed for application to uncoated steel, hot dip galvanized steel according to ISO 1461 and steel surfaces with thermal-sprayed metallic coating according to ISO 2063-1 and ISO 2063-2.

This document does not apply to protective paint systems for electroplated or painted steel.

The environments for corrosivity categories C2 to C5 and Im1 to Im3 defined in ISO 12944-2 are considered.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1461, Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel articles — Specifications and test methods

ISO 1513, Paints and varnishes — Examination and preparation of test samples

ISO 2063-1, Thermal spraying — Zinc, aluminium and their alloys — Part 1: Design considerations and quality requirements for corrosion protection systems

ISO 2063-2, Thermal spraying — Zinc, aluminium and their alloys — Part 2: Execution of corrosion protection systems

ISO 2409, Paints and varnishes — Cross-cut test

ISO 2808, Paints and varnishes — Determination of film thickness

ISO 2812-2, Paints and varnishes — Determination of resistance to liquids — Part 2: Water immersion method

ISO 3270, Paints and varnishes and their raw materials — Temperatures and humidities for conditioning and testing

ISO 4624, Paints and varnishes — Pull-off test for adhesion

ISO 4628-2, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 2: Assessment of degree of blistering

ISO 4628-3, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting

ISO 4628-4, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 4: Assessment of degree of cracking

ISO 4628-5, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 5: Assessment of degree of flaking

ISO 4628-8, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 8: Assessment of degree of delamination and corrosion around a scribe or other artificial defect

ISO 6270-1, Paints and varnishes — Determination of resistance to humidity — Part 1: Condensation (single-sided exposure)

ISO 7384, Corrosion tests in artificial atmosphere — General requirements

ISO 8501-1, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Visual assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings

ISO 8503-1, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates — Part 1: Specifications and definitions for ISO surface profile comparators for the assessment of abrasive blast-cleaned surfaces

ISO 8503-2, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates — Part 2: Method for the grading of surface profile of abrasive blast-cleaned steel — Comparator procedure

ISO 9227, Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests

ISO 12944-1, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Part 1: General introduction

ISO 12944-2, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Part 2: Classification of environments

ISO 15528, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling

ISO 19840, Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems — Measurement of, and acceptance criteria for, the thickness of dry films on rough surfaces

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 12944-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

artificial ageing

procedure designed to accelerate the ageing of a paint system, i.e. to reduce the corrosion-protective efficiency more rapidly than by natural weathering