# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3452-1

Second edition 2013-06-01 Corrected version 2014-05-01

## Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing —

Part 1: General principles

Essais non destructifs — Examen par ressuage — Partie 1: Principes généraux





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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC ISO 3452-1 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 138, Non-destructive testing, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee ISO/TC 135, Non-destructive testing, Subcommittee SC 2, Surface methods, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3452-1:2008) which has been technically revised. Changes from the first edition include a table referring to the testing products.

This corrected version of ISO 3452:2013 incorporates the following corrections: a footnote has been added to Table 1; the flowchart of Annex A has been modified.

ISO 3452 consists of the following parts, under the general title Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing:

- Part 1: General principles
- Part 2: Testing of penetrant materials
- Part 3: Reference test blocks
- Part 4: Equipment
- Part 5: Penetrant testing at temperatures higher than 50 °C
- Part 6: Penetrant testing at temperatures lower than 10 °C

## Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing —

## Part 1:

## General principles

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 3452 specifies a method of penetrant testing used to detect discontinuities, e.g. cracks, laps, folds, porosity and lack of fusion, which are open to the surface of the material to be tested. It is mainly applied to metallic materials, but can also be performed on other materials, provided that they are inert to the test media and not excessively porous (castings, forgings, welds, ceramics, etc.)

It also includes requirements for process and control testing, but is not intended to be used for acceptance criteria and gives neither information relating to the suitability of individual test systems for specific applications nor requirements for test equipment.

NOTE 1 Methods for determining and monitoring the essential properties of penetrant testing products to be used are specified in ISO 3452-2 and ISO 3452-3.

NOTE 2 The term *discontinuity* is used in this part of ISO 3452 in the sense that no evaluation concerning acceptability or non-acceptability is included.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3059, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing and magnetic particle testing - Viewing conditions

ISO 3452-2, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 2: Testing of penetrant materials

ISO 3452-3, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 3: Reference test blocks

ISO 3452-4, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 4: Equipment

ISO 3452-5, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 5: Penetrant testing at temperatures higher than 50 degrees C

ISO 3452-6, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 6: Penetrant testing at temperatures lower than 10 degrees C

ISO 12706, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Vocabulary

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 12706 apply.

### 4 Safety precautions

As penetrant inspection techniques often require the use of harmful, flammable and/or volatile materials, certain precautions shall be taken.