INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4384-1

Third edition 2012-10-01

Plain bearings — Hardness testing of bearing metals —

Part 1: Multilayer bearings materials

Paliers lisses — Essai de dureté des matériaux antifriction — Partie 1: Matériaux multicouches pour paliers lisses





aproduced or utilimission in wr All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Co	ontents	Page
Fore	reword	iv
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	
3	Specimen	
4	Procedure	
5	Test report	2
	The properties of the properti	
© ISO	50 2012 – All rights reserved	iii

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 4384-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 123, Plain bearings, Subcommittee SC 2, *Materials and lubricants, their properties, characteristics, test methods and testing conditions.*

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition ISO 4384-1:2000, which has been technically revised.

genet ISO 4384 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plain bearings — Hardness testing of* bearing metals:

- Part 1: Multilayer bearings materials
- Part 2: Solid materials

Plain bearings — Hardness testing of bearing metals —

Part 1:

Multilayer bearings materials

1 Scope

This part of ISO 4384 specifies parameters for the hardness testing of compound materials for plain bearings made from steel and bearing metal with bearing metals based on copper and aluminium, manufactured by casting, sintering or bonding. It represents a supplement to the existing ISO publications on hardness testing and, therefore, includes only the extensions and restrictions to be observed compared to those publications.

 $The \,measuring \,method \,applied \,depends \,on \,the \,bearing \,metal \,layer \,thickness, its \,hardness \,and \,its \,structure.$

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

3 Specimen

The surface of the specimen in the test area shall be bright metallic and conditioned in such a way that a satisfactory measurement of the test impression is possible. During the preparation of the specimens, it shall be ensured that the material is not heated.

The test surface shall be plane in accordance with ISO 6506-1.

Differing to ISO 6506-1, the thickness of the test piece shall be at least four times the depth of indentation.

4 Procedure

The test conditions shall be as given in Table 1.