
Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion

*Produits isolants thermiques destinés aux applications du bâtiment —
Détermination de l'absorption d'eau à long terme par diffusion*



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16536 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163, *Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Test and measurement methods*.

ISO 16536 includes the original EN 12088 prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88 "Thermal insulating materials and products", with the following clauses modified to reflect the conditions for tropical countries:

Clause 5.4: Conditioning of test specimens;

Clause 6.2: Test conditions;

Clause 9: Test report.

Introduction

ISO 16536 is one of a series of existing European Standards on test methods which were adopted by ISO. This group of International Standards comprises the following group of interrelated standards:

ISO	Title	Respective EN standard
12344	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of bending behaviour	EN 12089
12968	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the pull-off resistance of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS) (foam block test)	EN 13495
29465	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of length and width	EN 822
29466	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness	EN 823
29467	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of squareness	EN 824
29468	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness	EN 825
29469	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour	EN 826
29470	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of the apparent density	EN 1602
29471	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under constant normal laboratory conditions (23 degrees C/50 % relative humidity)	EN 1603
29472	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions	EN 1604
29764	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of deformation under specified compressive load and temperature conditions	EN 1605
29765	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces	EN 1607
29766	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength parallel to faces	EN 1608
29767	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion	EN 1609
29768	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens	EN 12085
29769	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under point load	EN 12430
29770	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness for floating-floor insulating products	EN 12431

29771	Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic content	EN 13820
29803	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the resistance to impact of external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS)	EN 13497
29804	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the tensile bond strength of the adhesive and of the base coat to the thermal insulation material	EN 13494
29805	Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the mechanical properties of glass fibre meshes	EN 13496
16534	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compressive creep	EN 1606
16535	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion	EN 12087
16536	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion	EN 12088
16537	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of shear behaviour	EN 12090
16546	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of freeze-thaw resistance	EN 12091
16544	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Conditioning to moisture equilibrium under specified temperature and humidity conditions	EN 12429
16545	Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of behaviour under cyclic loading	EN 13793

A further group of existing European Standards on test methods for products used to insulate building equipment and industrial installations comprises the following group of interrelated International Standards:

ISO 12623	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion of preformed pipe insulation	EN 13472
ISO 12624	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of trace quantities of water soluble chloride, fluoride, silicate, sodium ions and pH	EN 13468
ISO 12628	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of dimensions, squareness and linearity of preformed pipe insulation	EN 13467
ISO 12629	Thermal insulating products for building equipment and industrial installations — Determination of water vapour transmission properties of preformed pipe insulation	EN 13469

Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the equipment and procedures for determining the long-term water absorption of test specimens by diffusion. It is applicable to thermal insulating products.

The test is intended to simulate the water absorption of products subjected to high relative humidities, approximating to 100 %, on both sides and subjected to a water vapour pressure gradient for a long period of time, e.g. inverted roof or unprotected ground insulation.

The test is not applicable for all types of thermal insulating products. The product standard should state for which of its products, if any, this test is applicable.

NOTE For unprotected ground insulation, the temperature of 50 °C may be replaced by a lower temperature, when more data are available.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 29768, *Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens*

3 Principle

The long-term water absorption by diffusion is determined by measuring the increase in the mass of a test specimen subjected to a water vapour pressure difference and temperature gradient for a period of 28 days.

4 Apparatus

- 4.1 Balance**, allows the determination of the mass of a test specimen to 0,1 g.
- 4.2 Corrosion-resistant container**, a frame supporting the test specimens.
- 4.3 Heating device**, a thermostat which provides water temperature control to $(50 \pm 1) ^\circ\text{C}$.
- 4.4 Cooling plate**, thermally insulated on the outside, operating at a temperature of $(1 \pm 0,5) ^\circ\text{C}$.
- 4.5 Tap water**, adjusted to a temperature of $(50 \pm 1) ^\circ\text{C}$.

The principle of the apparatus assembly is illustrated in Figure 1.