Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 4: Quantification by inductively coupled plasma (ICP) (ISO 5398-4:2018)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 5398-4:2019 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 5398-4:2019 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 5398-4:2019 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 5398-4:2019.		
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		
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Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

STANDARD EN ISO 5398-4

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Supersedes EN ISO 5398-4:2007

English Version

Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 4: Quantification by inductively coupled plasma (ICP) (ISO 5398-4:2018)

Cuir - Dosage chimique de l'oxyde de chrome - Partie 4: Quantification par plasma à couplage inductif (ICP) (ISO 5398-4:2018) Leder - Chemische Bestimmung des Chromoxidgehalts - Teil 4: Quantitative Bestimmung durch induktiv gekoppeltes Plasma (ICP) (ISO 5398-4:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 December 2018.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 5398-4:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 5398-4:2007.

According to the CEN-CENFLEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 5398-4:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 5398-4:2019 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by the Chemical Tests Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUC Commission, IULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

It is based on IUC 8, published in *J. Soc. Leather Tech. Chem.*, **49**, p. 17, 1965, and declared an official method of the IULTCS in 1965.

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5398-4:2007), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the title has changed to "inductively coupled plasma (ICP)" to include more than just the "ICP-OES" type equipment;
- <u>Clause 5</u> now refers to ISO 4044 for preparing the sample rather than grinding the leather;
- the description of additional suitable ICP equipment (ICP-MS) has been included in a new subclause 7.3;
- the previous subclause 8.2.1 describing suitable ICP equipment has been moved to a new informative Annex B;
- the text has been revised for editorial corrections.

A list of all parts in the ISO 5398 series can be found on the ISO website.

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Introduction

The ISO 5398 series comprises four parts, each describing methods suitable for the determination of the chromic oxide content in leather. The different techniques have been described to reflect the variations in industrial practice compared with the more sensitive analytical equipment available for test laboratories. Variations also exist in the range of chromic oxide that the methods are deemed suitable to quantify.

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plasma (ICP, This document describes a technique that is suitable for determining chromium more precisely than those described in ISO 5398-1 and ISO 5398-2. It requires the use of sophisticated analytical equipment, such as inductively coupled plasma (ICP).

Leather — Chemical determination of chromic oxide content —

Part 4:

Quantification by inductively coupled plasma (ICP)

1 Scope

This document describes a method for the determination of chromium in aqueous solution obtained from leather. This is an analysis for total chromium in leather; it is not compound specific or specific to its oxidation state.

This method describes the determination of chromium by inductively coupled plasma (ICP) and is applicable to leathers which are expected to have chromic oxide contents in excess of 1 mg/kg. Two techniques for the preparation of the solution to be analysed are included. In the event of dispute, the wet oxidation technique is intended to be used.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, Leather — Chemical, physical and mechanical and fastness tests — Sampling location

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 4044, Leather — Chemical tests — Preparation of chemical test samples

ISO 4684, Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of volatile matter

ISO 11885, Water quality — Determination of selected elements by inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES)

ISO 17294-2, Water quality — Application of inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) — Part 2: Determination of selected elements including uranium isotopes

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

chromic oxide content

amount of chromium in leather, determined by this method and reported as chromic oxide

Note 1 to entry: The chromic oxide content is expressed in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), based on dry matter.