# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10675-2

Second edition 2017-09

# Non-destructive testing of welds — Acceptance levels for radiographic testing —

# Part 2: **Aluminium and its alloys**

Essais non destructifs des assemblages soudés — Niveaux d'acceptation pour l'évaluation par radiographie —

Partie 2: Aluminium et ses alliages





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Contents	Page
Foreword	iv
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Radiographic technique	1
5 General	
6 Acceptance levels	
Annex A (informative) Guide to the limitations of radiographic testing	
Annex B (informative) Examples for determination of percentage (%) of imperfe	
Annex C (informative) Sums of acceptable areas	
Bibliography	10
<i>'</i> 3''	
O,	
	·
	(0)
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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Testing and inspection of welds*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10675-2:2010), of which it constitutes a minor revision and contains the following main changes:

- the normative references have been updated;
- Table 1 has been split into two separate tables.

Request for official interpretations of any aspect of this document should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 5 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org.

# Non-destructive testing of welds — Acceptance levels for radiographic testing —

# Part 2:

# Aluminium and its alloys

## 1 Scope

This document specifies acceptance levels for indications from imperfections in aluminium butt welds detected by radiographic testing. If agreed, the acceptance levels can be applied to other types of welds or materials.

The acceptance levels can be related to welding standards, application standards, specifications or codes. This document assumes that the radiographic testing has been carried out in accordance with ISO 17636-1 for RT-F (F = film) or ISO 17636-2 for RT-S (S = radioscopy) and RT-D (D = digital detectors).

When assessing whether a weld meets the requirements specified for a weld quality level, the sizes of imperfections permitted by standards are compared with the dimensions of indications revealed by a radiograph made of the weld.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6520-1, Welding and allied processes — Classification of geometric imperfections in metallic materials — Part 1: Fusion welding

ISO 10042, Welding — Arc-welded joints in aluminium and its alloys — Quality levels for imperfections

ISO 17636-1, Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film

ISO 17636-2, Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 2: X- and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="http://www.iso.org/obp">http://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

### 4 Radiographic technique

Depending on the weld quality level, radiographic technique A or B in accordance with ISO 17636-1 shall be used for RT-F as shown in <u>Table 1</u> and radiographic technique A or B in accordance with ISO 17636-2 shall be used for RT-S or RT-D as shown in <u>Table 2</u>.