Analytical colorimetry - Part 1: Practical colour measurement (ISO 18314-1:2015)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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English Version

Analytical colorimetry - Part 1: Practical colour measurement (ISO 18314-1:2015)

Analyse colorimétrique - Partie 1: Mesurage pratique de la couleur (ISO 18314-1:2015)

Analytische Farbmessung - Teil 1: Praktische Farbmessung (ISO 18314-1:2015)

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

The text of ISO 18314-1:2015 has been prepared by Technical Committee 256 "Pigments, dyestuffs and extenders" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 18314-1:2018 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 298 "Pigments and extenders" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2019.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 18314-1:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 18314-1:2018 without any modification.

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Foreword

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 256, *Pigments, dyestuffs and extenders*

ISO 18314 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Analytical colorimetry*:

- Part 1: Practical colour measurement
- Part 2: Saunderson correction, solutions of the Kubelka-Munk equation, tinting strength, hiding power
- Part 3: Special indices

Analytical colorimetry —

Part 1:

Practical colour measurement

1 Scope

This part of ISO 18314 specifies the method for determining the colour coordinates of a paint film. This method is only applicable to paint films that appear to be uniformly of one colour, i.e. monochromatic, when examined with normal vision. Paint films that do not completely hide a non-transparent substrate represent an opaque system and can be measured by using the procedure in this part of ISO 18314.

Luminescent paint films, transparent paint films, and translucent paint films (for example for display or lamp glass), retroreflecting paint films (for example for traffic signs), and metallic paint films are outside the scope of this part of ISO 18314.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1513, Paints and varnishes — Examination and preparation of test samples

ISO 1514, Paints and varnishes — Standard panels for testing

ISO 2808, Paints and varnishes — Determination of film thickness

ISO 15528, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling

3 Sample preparation

Take a representative sample of the paint to be tested as described in accordance with ISO 15528.

Examine and prepare the sample for testing in accordance with ISO 1513.

Prepare the test panels in accordance with ISO 1514. Apply the coating always in the same way (e.g. by spraying, brushing, or with application bars), dry or stove and, if necessary, condition the paint film as directed in the manufacturer's instructions or as otherwise agreed.

If the paint film is of reversible temperature-dependent colour, the temperature of the test sample should be maintained at (23 ± 2) °C by appropriate measures (for example by the use of a thermostatically controlled sample holder). Paint films of irreversible temperature-dependent colour should be postconditioned, until the colour does not change any more. In the case of paint films that do not completely hide the substrate, the colour depends on the colour of the substrate and the film thickness, which should be determined by one of the procedures given in ISO 2808.

The paint film sample shall not be scratched and shall be free from dust and grease (e.g. fingerprints).

For process control of painted articles take representative test samples. The number of samples shall be agreed upon between the parties.