Leather - Chemical determination of formaldehyde content - Part 2: Method using colorimetric analysis (ISO 17226-2:2018)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 17226-2:2019 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 17226-2:2019 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 17226-2:2019 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 17226-2:2019.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 06.02.2019.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 06.02.2019.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

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Leather - Chemical determination of formaldehyde content - Part 2: Method using colorimetric analysis (ISO 17226-2:2018)

Cuir - Dosage chimique du formaldéhyde - Partie 2: Méthode par analyse colorimétrique (ISO 17226-2:2018) Leder - Chemische Bestimmung des Formaldehydgehalts - Teil 2: Verfahren mittels kolorimetrischer Analyse (ISO 17226-2:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 December 2018.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 17226-2:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 17226-2:2008.

According to the CEN-CENFLEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 17226-2:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 17226-2:2019 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, in collaboration with the Chemical Test Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUC Commission, IULTCS), in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement). This method is technically similar to the Colorimetric Section of the method IUC 19, which was declared an official method at the IULTCS Delegates meeting on 31st May 2003 in Cancún, Mexico.

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for sampling and the testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 17226-2:2008), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 17226-2:2008/Cor.1:2009. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- Clause 1 has been modified:
- the former Clause 2 has become <u>Clause 4</u>, a new <u>Clause 3</u>, *Terms and definitions*, inserted and subsequent clauses renumbered;
- <u>6.1.1</u>, <u>6.2.1</u>, <u>6.2.2</u>, <u>7.4</u>, <u>7.7</u>, <u>8.2.2</u>, <u>8.2.2</u>, <u>8.2.3</u>, <u>8.2.4</u>, <u>8.2.6</u> and <u>8.2.8</u> have been technically modified.

A list of all parts in the ISO 17226 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Leather — Chemical determination of formaldehyde content —

Part 2:

Method using colorimetric analysis

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of free and released formaldehyde in leathers. This method, based on colorimetric analysis, is not intended to be used for a precise quantification of formaldehyde.

The formaldehyde content is taken to be the quantity of free-formaldehyde and formaldehyde extracted through hydrolysis contained in a water extract from the leather under standard conditions.

This process is not absolutely selective for formaldehyde. Other compounds such as extracted dyes could interfere at 412 nm.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, Leather — Chemical, physical and mechanical and fastness tests — Sampling location

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 4044, Leather — Chemical tests — Preparation of chemical test samples

ISO 4684, Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of volatile matter

ISO 17226-1, Leather — Chemical determination of formaldehyde content — Part 1: Method using high performance liquid chromatography

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Conformance

When compared with ISO 17226-1, the two analytical methods should give similar trends but not necessarily the same absolute result. Therefore, in cases of dispute, ISO 17226-1 shall be used in preference to this document.