Elektrilised meditsiiniseadmed. Osa 1: Üldised nõuded esmasele ohutusele ja olulistele toimimisnäitajatele

Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance (IEC 60601-1:2005)



FESTI STANDARDI FESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 60601-1:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 60601-1:2006+AC:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 27.11.2006 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuapäev on 20.10.2006.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 60601-1:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 60601-1:2006+AC:2010.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 27.11.2006 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text 20.10.2006.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 11.040

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 60601-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2006

ICS 11.040

Supersedes EN 60601-1:1990 + amendments

English version

Medical electrical equipment
Part 1: General requirements for basic safety
and essential performance

(IEC 60601-1:2005)

Appareils électromédicaux Partie 1: Exigences générales pour la sécurité de base et les performances essentielles (CEI 60601-1:2005) Medizinische elektrische Geräte Teil 1: Allgemeine Festlegungen für die Sicherheit einschließlich der wesentlichen Leistungsmerkmale (IEC 60601-1:2005)

This European Standard was approved by CENERC on 2006-09-12. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENFLEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hangary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 62A/505A//FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 60601-1, prepared by SC 62A, Common aspects of electrical equipment used in medical practice, of IEC TC 62, Electrical equipment in medical practice, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60601-1 on 2006-09-12.

The following date was fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2007-07-01

This European Sandard supersedes EN 60601-1:1990 and its amendments. However, EN 60601-1:1990 remains valid until all the parts 2 that are used in conjunction with it have been withdrawn. No date of withdrawal of conflicting national standards (dow) has therefore been fixed. However, when Part 1 is used for appliances not covered by a part 2, EN 60601-1:1990 is not to be used after 2009-09-12.

This EN 60601-1:2006 has been significantly restructured compared to EN 60601-1:1990. Requirements in the electrical section have been further aligned with those for information technology equipment covered by EN 60950-1 and a requirement for including a RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS has been added. For an expanded description of this revision, see Clause A.3.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Tade Association and covers essential requirements of EC Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC. See Annex ZZ.

In this standard the following print types are used

- requirements and definitions: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text
 of tables is also in a smaller type;
- TERMS USED THROUGHOUT THIS STANDARD THAT HAVE BEEN DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 AND ALSO GIVEN IN THE INDEX: IN SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term

- "clause" means one of the seventeen numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 7 includes subclauses 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
- "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 7.1, 7.2 and 7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 7).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this standard are by number only. In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex G of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex A.

Annexes ZA and ZZ have been added by CENELEC.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60073	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60073:2002 (not modified).
IEC 60086-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60086-1:2001 (not modified).
IEC 60127-6	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60127-6:1994 (not modified).
IEC 60309-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60309-1:1999 (not modified).
IEC 60317-43	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60317-43:1997 (not modified).
IEC 60601-1-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60601-1-1:2001 (not modified).
IEC 60601-1-4	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60601-1-4:1996 + A1:1999 (not modified).
IEC 60601-2-49	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60601-2-49:2001 (not modified).
IEC 60695-1-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60695-1-1:2000 (not modified).
IEC 60721 series	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 60721 series (not modified).
IEC 60990	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60990:1999 (not modified).
IEC 61000-4-11	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61000-4-11:2004 (not modified).
IEC 61010-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61010-1:2001 (not modified).
IEC 61140	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61140:2002 (not modified).
IEC 62079	NOTE	Harmonized as £2079:2001 (not modified).
IEC 62304	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62304:2006 (not modified).
ISO 407	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 307:2004 (not modified).
ISO 8041	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 8041,2005 (not modified).
ISO 13485	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13485.2003 (not modified).

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60601-1:2005 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification Standard without any modification.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication IEC 60065 (mod)	<u>Year</u> 200	<u>Title</u> Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus - Safety requirements	EN/HD EN 60065 + corr. March	<u>Year</u> 2002 2006
	9	apparatus - Salety requirements	+ corr. March	2006
IEC 60068-2-2 A1 A2	1974 1993 1994	Environmental testing Part 2: Tests - Tests B: Dry heat	EN 60068-2-2 ¹⁾ A1 A2	1993 1993 1994
IEC 60079-0 (mod)	- 2)	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres Part 0: General requirements	EN 60079-0	2006 ³⁾
IEC 60079-2	_ 2)	Electrical apparates for explosive gas atmospheres Part 2: Pressurized Chiclosures "p"	EN 60079-2 + corr. April	2004 ³⁾ 2006
IEC 60079-5	- 2)	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres Part 5: Powder filling 'q'	-	-
IEC 60079-6	_ 2)	Electrical apparatus for explosion gas atmospheres Part 6: Oil-immersion "o"	-	-
IEC 60083	_ 2)	Plugs and socket-outlets for domestic and similar general use standardized in member countries of IEC	. <u>-</u>	-
IEC 60085	- 2)	Electrical insulation - Thermal classification	EN 60085	2004 ³⁾
IEC 60086-4	_ 2)	Primary batteries Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries	EN 60086-4	2000 3)
IEC 60112	_ 2)	Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials	EN 60112	2003 3)

¹⁾ EN 60068-2-2 includes supplement A:1976 to IEC 60068-2-2.

²⁾ Undated reference.

³⁾ Valid edition at date of issue.

Publication IEC 60127-1	<u>Year</u> 2006	Title Miniature fuses Part 1: Definitions for miniature fuses and general requirements for miniature fuse-links	<u>EN/HD</u> EN 60127-1	<u>Year</u> 2006
IEC 60227-1 ⁴⁾ A1 A2	1993 1995 1998	Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V Part 1: General requirements	- - -	- - -
IEC 60245-1 ⁵⁾	2003	Rubber insulated cables - Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V Part 1: General requirements) -	-
IEC 60252-1	(T)	AC motor capacitors Part 1: General - Performance, testing and rating - Safety requirements - Guide for installation and operation	EN 60252-1	2001 ³⁾
IEC 60320-1	_ 2)	Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes Part Ceneral requirements	EN 60320-1	2001 ³⁾
IEC 60335-1 (mod)	2001	Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety Part 1: General requirements	EN 60335-1 A11 A12 + corr. July	2002 2004 2006 2006
IEC 60364-4-41 (mod)	2005	Low-voltage electrical installations Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection against electric shock	HD 60364-4-41	2006
IEC 60384-14	2005	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment Part 14: Sectional specification Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the apply mains	EN 60384-14	2005
IEC 60417	Data base	Graphical symbols for use on equipment	· /	-
IEC 60445	_ 2)	Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification - Identification of equipment terminals and of terminations of certain designated conductors, including general rules for an alphanumeric system	EN60445	2000 ³⁾
IEC 60447	_ 2)	Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification - Actuating principles	e EN 60447	2004 ³⁾

HD 21.1 S4:2002, Cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V and having thermoplastic insulation - Part 1: General requirements, which is related to, but not directly equivalent with, IEC 60227-1, applies instead.

⁵⁾ HD 22.1 S4:2002, Cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V and having cross-linked insulation - Part 1: General requirements, which is related to, but not directly equivalent with, IEC 60245-1, applies instead.

Publication IEC 60529	<u>Year</u> 1989	<u>Title</u> Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)	EN/HD EN 60529 + corr. May	<u>Year</u> 1991 1993
A1	1999	, ,	A1	2000
IEC 60601-1-2	_ 2)	Medical electrical equipment Part 1-2: General requirements for safety - Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements and tests	EN 60601-1-2	2001 ³⁾
IEC 60601-1-3	- ²⁾	Medical electrical equipment Part 1: General requirements for safety - 3. Collateral standard: General requirements for radiation protection in diagnostic X-ray equipment	EN 60601-1-3	1994 ³⁾
IEC 60601-1-6	- %	Medical electrical equipment Part 1-6: General requirements for safety - Collateral standard: Usability	EN 60601-1-6	2004 3)
IEC 60601-1-8	_ 2)	Medical electrical equipment Part 18: General requirements for safety - Collateral standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems	EN 60601-1-8 + corr. October	2004 ³⁾ 2006
IEC 60664-1 (mod) + A1 + A2	1992 2000 2002	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests	EN 60664-1	2003
IEC 60695-11-10	_ 2)	Fire hazard testing Part 11-10: Test flames 30 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods	EN 60695-11-10	1999 ³⁾
IEC 60730-1 (mod)	1999	Automatic electrical controls household and similar use	EN 60730-1 A12	2000 2003
A1 (mod)	2003	Part 1: General requirements	A1 A13	2004 2004 2005
IEC 60825-1	1993	Safety of laser products Part 1: Equipment classification,	EN 60825-1	1994 1995
A1 A2	1997 2001	requirements and user's guide	A1 + Orr. April	2002 2001 2004
IEC 60851-3 A1 A2	1996 1997 2003	Winding wires - Test methods Part 3: Mechanical properties	EN 60857-3 A1 A2	1996 1997 2003
IEC 60851-5 A1 A2	1996 1997 2004	Winding wires - Test methods Part 5: Electrical properties	EN 60851-5 A1 A2	1996 1997 2004
IEC 60851-6 A1	1996 1997	Winding wires - Test methods Part 6: Thermal properties	EN 60851-6 A1	1996 1997
IEC/TR 60878	2003	Graphical symbols for electrical equipment in medical practice	-	-

Publication IEC 60884-1	Year _ ²⁾	Title Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes Part 1: General requirements	<u>EN/HD</u> -	<u>Year</u> -
IEC 60950-1 (mod)	2001	Information technology equipment - Safety Part 1: General requirements	EN 60950-1 ⁶⁾ + corr. April A11	2001 2004 2004
IEC 61058-1 (mod) + A1	2000 2001	Switches for appliances Part 1: General requirements	EN 61058-1	2002
IEC 61558-1 (mod)	1997 1998	Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar Part 1: General requirements and tests	EN 61558-1 ⁷⁾ + corr. April A1 A11	1997 2003 1998 2003
IEC 61558-2-1	_ 2)	Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar Part 2-1: Particular requirements for separating transformers for general use	EN 61558-2-1	1997 ³⁾
IEC 61672-1	_ 2)	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters Part 1: Specifications	EN 61672-1	2003 ³⁾
IEC 61672-2	_ 2)	Electroacoustics - Sound level meters Part 2: Pattern evaluation tests	EN 61672-2	2003 ³⁾
IEC 61965	- 2)	Mechanical safety of Lathode ray tubes	EN 61965	2003 3)
ISO 31	Series	Quantities and units of space and time	-	-
ISO 780	- 2)	Packaging - Pictorial marking of goods	EN ISO 780	1999
ISO 1000	- 2)	SI units and recommendations for the use of their multiples and of certain other units	f -	-
ISO 1853	_ 2)	Conducting and dissipative rubbers, vulcanized or thermoplastic - Measurement of resistivity	ر ان ان	-
ISO 2878	_ 2)	Rubber, vulcanized - Antistatic and conductive products - Determination of electrical resistance	OF LITTE	-
ISO 2882	_ 2)	Rubber, vulcanized - Antistatic and conductive products for hospital use - Electrical resistance limits	-	-

 $[\]begin{array}{ll} \text{60} & \text{EN 60950-1 is superseded by EN 60950-1:2006, which is based on IEC 60950-1:2005, mod.} \\ \text{7)} & \text{EN 61558-1 is superseded by EN 61558-1:2005, which is based on IEC 61558-1:2005.} \\ \end{array}$

Publication ISO 3746	Year - 2)	<u>Title</u> Acoustics - Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure - Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane	<u>EN/HD</u> EN ISO 3746	<u>Year</u> 1995
ISO 3864-1	2002	Graphical symbols - Safety colours and safety signs Part 1: Design principles for safety signs in workplaces and public areas	-	-
	75			
	%	Annex ZZ (informative)		

Coverage of Essential Requirements of EC Directives

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and within its scope the standard covers all relevant essential requirements as given in Annex I of the EC Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC.

Compliance with this standard provides one means of conformity with the specified essential requirements of the Directives concerned.

WARNING: Other requirements and other Expirectives may be applicable to the products falling within the scope of this standard.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 60601-1

Third edition 2005-12

Medical electrical equipment -

Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance

This **English-language** version is derived from the original **bilingual** publication by leaving out all French-language pages. Missing page numbers of espond to the French-language pages.



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INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

IEC 60601-1

Third edition 2005-12

Medical electrical equipment -

General equirements for basic safety All population denotated by the representation of the property and essential performance

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PRICE CODE



CONTENTS

FOI	REWO)RD	21
INT	RODU	JCTION	25
1	Scop	e, object and related standards	29
	1.1	* Scope	29
	1.2	Object	29
	1.3	* Collateral standards	29
	1.4	* Particular standards	31
2	* Nor	mative references	31
3	* Ter	minology and definitions	39
4	Gene	ral requirements	79
	4.1	* Conditions for application to ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS	79
	4.2	* RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS for ME EQUIPMENT OF ME SYSTEMS	
	4.3	* ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE	81
	4.4	* EXPECTED SERVICE LIFE.*	81
	4.5	* Equivalent safety for ME CUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS	
	4.6	* ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM parts that contact the PATIENT	83
	4.7	* SINGLE FAULT CONDITION for ME EQUIPMENT	83
	4.8	Components of ME EQUIPMENT	85
	4.9	* Use of COMPONENTS WITH HIGH-INTEGRITY CHARACTERISTICS IN ME EQUIPMENT	85
	4.10	* Power supply	87
	4.11	* Power supply	89
5	* Ger	neral requirements for testing ME EQUIPMENT	91
	5.1	* TYPE TESTS	91
	5.2	* Number of samples	91
	5.3	* Number of samples	91
	5.4	Other conditions	91
	5.5	Supply voltages, type of current, nature of supply, Requency	
	5.6	Repairs and modifications	93
	5.7	Repairs and modifications * Humidity preconditioning treatment	93
	5.8	Sequence of tests	
	5.9	* Determination of APPLIED PARTS and ACCESSIBLE PARTS	95
6	* Cla	ssification of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS	99
	6.1	General	99
	6.2	* Protection against electric shock	99
	6.3	* Protection against harmful ingress of water or particulate matter	. 101
	6.4	Method(s) of sterilization	
	6.5	Suitability for use in an OXYGEN RICH ENVIRONMENT	. 101
	6.6	* Mode of operation	. 101

7	ME E	QUIPMENT identification, marking and documents	101
	7.1	General	101
	7.2	Marking on the outside of ME EQUIPMENT or ME EQUIPMENT parts	105
	7.3	Marking on the inside of ME EQUIPMENT or ME EQUIPMENT parts	113
	7.4	Marking of controls and instruments	117
	7.5	Safety signs	119
	7.6	Symbols	121
	7.7	Colours of the insulation of conductors	121
	7.8	* Indicator lights and controls	123
	7.9	ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS	123
8	* Pro	tection against electrical HAZARDS from ME EQUIPMENT	135
	8.1	Fundamental rule of protection against electric shock	
	8.2	Requirements elated to power sources	137
	8.3	Classification of APPLIED PARTS	137
	8.4	Limitation of voltage, current or energy	
	8.5	Separation of parts	
	8.6	* Protective earthing, proctional earthing and potential equalization of	
		ME EQUIPMENT	161
	8.7	LEAKAGE CURRENTS and PAGENT AUXILIARY CURRENTS	167
	8.8	IIISulation	20 1
	8.9	* CREEPAGE DISTANCES and ARCLEARANCES	
		Components and wiring	
		MAINS PARTS, components and layout	
9	* Pro	tection against MECHANICAL HAZARDS of the EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS	
	9.1	MECHANICAL HAZARDS OF ME EQUIPMENT	259
	9.2	* HAZARDS associated with moving parts 2	261
	9.3	* HAZARD associated with surfaces, corners and edges	271
	9.4	* Instability HAZARDS	271
	9.5	* Expelled parts HAZARD	281
	9.6	Acoustic energy (including infra- and ultrasound) and vibration	
	9.7	* Pressure vessels and parts subject to pneumatic hydraulic pressure	
	9.8	* HAZARDS associated with support systems	
10	* Pro	tection against unwanted and excessive radiation HAZAR S	301
	10.1	X-Radiation	301
	10.2	Alpha, beta, gamma, neutron and other particle radiation	303
		Microwave radiation	303
	10.4	* Lasers and light emitting diodes (LEDs)	303
	10.5	Other visible electromagnetic radiation	303
		Infrared radiation	
	10.7	Ultraviolet radiation	305
11	* Pro	tection against excessive temperatures and other HAZARDS	305
	11.1	* Excessive temperatures in ME EQUIPMENT	305
		* Fire prevention	
		* Constructional requirements for fire ENCLOSURES of ME EQUIPMENT	

	11.4	* ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS intended for use with flammable anaesthetics	329
	11.5	* ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS intended for use in conjunction with flammable agents	329
	11.6	Overflow, spillage, leakage, ingress of water or particulate matter, cleaning, disinfection, sterilization and compatibility with substances used with the ME EQUIPMENT	329
	11.7	Biocompatibility of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS	
	11.8	* Interruption of the power supply / SUPPLY MAINS to ME EQUIPMENT	
12		curacy controls and instruments and protection against hazardous outputs	
		Accuracy of controls and instruments	
		Usability)	
		Alarm systems	
		Protection a anst hazardous output	
13		ARDOUS SITUATONS and fault conditions	
		Specific HAZARDOUS SITUATIONS	
		Single fault conditions	
14		OGRAMMABLE ELECTRICAL MEDICAL SYSTEMS (PEMS)	
		* General	
		* Documentation	
		* RISK MANAGEMENT plan	
		•	
	14.4	* PEMS DEVELOPMENT LIFE-CYCLE*	353 353
	14.6	* Problem resolution RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS. * Requirement specification * Architecture	353 353
	14.0	* Requirement specification	355
	14.7	* Architecture	355
	1/10	* Decign and implementation	257
	14 10) * VERIFICATION	357
	14 11	I * PEMS VALIDATION	357
	14 12	2 * Modification	359
	14.13	* Connection of PEMS by NETWORK/DATA COUPLING to other equipment	359
15		truction of ME EQUIPMENT	
		* Arrangements of controls and indicators of ME EQUIPMENT	
		* Serviceability	
		Mechanical strength	361
		ME EQUIPMENT components and general assembly	369
		* MAINS SUPPLY TRANSFORMERS OF ME EQUIPMENT and transformers providing	
		separation in accordance with 8.5	379
16	* ME	SYSTEMS	387
	16.1	* General requirements for the ME SYSTEMS	387
		* ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS of an ME SYSTEM	
		* Power supply	
		ENCLOSURES	
	16.5	* SEPARATION DEVICES	391
	16.6	* LEAKAGE CURRENTS	393
	16.7	* Protection against MECHANICAL HAZARDS	395

16.8 Interruption of the power supply to parts of an ME SYSTEM	
16.9 ME SYSTEM connections and wiring	
Tr Electromagnetic compatibility of ME Equipment and ME STSTEMS	399
Annex A (informative) General guidance and rationale	401
Annex B (informative) Sequence of testing	613
Annex C (informative) Guide to marking and labelling requirements for ME EQUIPMENT	
and ME SYSTEMS	
Annex D (informative) Symbols on marking	629
Annex E (informative) Examples of the connection of the measuring device (MD) for measurement of the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT and PATIENT AUXILIARY CURRENT	647
Annex F (informative Suitable measuring supply circuits	
Annex G (normative) Protection against HAZARDS of ignition of flammable anaesthetic	00 1
mixtures	657
Annex H (informative) PEMS structure, PEMS DEVELOPMENT LIFE-CYCLE and documentation	687
Annex I (informative) ME systems aspects	713
Annex J (informative) Survey of insulation paths	
Annex K (informative) Simplified PALENT LEAKAGE CURRENT diagrams	
Annex L (normative) Insulated winding ires for use without interleaved insulation	
▲	
Bibliography	743
BibliographyINDEX	
INDEX	749
INDEX OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS	775
Figure 1 – Detachable mains connection	
Figure 2 – Example of the defined terminals and conductors.	
Figure 3 – Example of a CLASS I ME EQUIPMENT	
Figure 4 – Example of a metal-enclosed CLASS II ME EQUIPMENT	
Figure 5 – Schematic flow chart for component qualification	87
Figure 6 – Standard test finger	97
Figure 7 – Test hook	99
Figure 8 – Test pin	141
Figure 9 – Application of test voltage to bridged PATIENT CONNECTIONS for DEFIBRILLATION-PROOF APPLIED PARTS	155
Figure 10 – Application of test voltage to individual PATIENT CONNECTIONS for DEFIBRILLATION-PROOF APPLIED PARTS	159
Figure 11 – Application of test voltage to test the delivered defibrillation energy	

Figure 12 – Example of a measuring device and its frequency characteristics	169
Figure 13 – Measuring circuit for the EARTH LEAKAGE CURRENT of CLASS I ME equipment, with or without APPLIED PART	175
Figure 14 – Measuring circuit for the TOUCH CURRENT	177
Figure 15 – Measuring circuit for the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT from the PATIENT CONNECTION to earth	
Figure 16 – Measuring circuit for the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT via the PATIENT CONNECTION(S) of an F-TYPE APPLIED PART to earth caused by an external voltage on the PATIENT CONNECTION(S)	181
Figure 17 – Measuring circuit for the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT from PATIENT CONNECTION(S) to earth caused by an external voltage on a SIGNAL INPUT/OUTPUT PART	183
Figure 18 – Measuring circuit for the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT from PATIENT CONNECTION(S) to earth caused by an external voltage on a metal ACCESSIBLE PART that is not PROTECTIVELY EARTHED	185
Figure 19 – Measuring creat for the PATIENT AUXILIARY CURRENT	187
Figure 20 – Measuring circuit for the total PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT with all PATIENT CONNECTIONS of all APPLIED PARTS of the same type (TYPE B APPLIED PARTS, TYPE BF APPLIED PARTS or TYPE CF APPLIED PARTS) connected together	189
Figure 21 – Ball-pressure test apparatus	
Figure 22 – Creepage distance and R clearance – Example 1	239
Figure 23 – Creepage distance and Alex Learance – Example 2	239
Figure 24 – Creepage distance and Air Arance – Example 3	239
Figure 25 – CREEPAGE DISTANCE and AIR CLEARANCE – Example 4	239
Figure 26 – Creepage distance and Air Clearance – Example 5	
Figure 27 – CREEPAGE DISTANCE and AIR CLEARAND – Example 6	241
Figure 28 – Creepage distance and air clearance Example 7	241
Figure 29 – Creepage distance and air clearance (Pample 8	241
Figure 30 – Creepage distance and Air Clearance – Example 9	241
Figure 31 – Creepage distance and air clearance – Example 10	243
Figure 32 – Ratio between HYDRAULIC TEST PRESSURE and MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE WORKING PRESSURE	289
Figure 33 – Human body test mass	299
Figure 34 – Spark ignition test apparatus	
Figure 35 – Maximum allowable current <i>I</i> as a function of the maximum allowable voltage <i>U</i> measured in a purely resistive circuit in an OXYGEN RICH ENVIRONMENT	
Figure 36 – Maximum allowable voltage <i>U</i> as a function of the capacitance measured in a capacitive circuit used in an OXYGEN RICH ENVIRONMENT	319
Figure 37 – Maximum allowable current <i>I</i> as a function of the inductance <i>L</i> measured in an inductive circuit in an OXYGEN RICH ENVIRONMENT	319
Figure 38 – Baffle	327
Figure 39 – Area of the bottom of an ENCLOSURE as specified in 11.3 b) 1)	327
Figure A.1 – Identification of ME EQUIPMENT, APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in an ECG monitor	413

incorporated in the ME EQUIPMENT	415
Figure A.3 – Identification of ME EQUIPMENT, APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in a PATIENT monitor with invasive pressure monitoring facility	417
Figure A.4 – Identification of ME EQUIPMENT, APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in a multifunction PATIENT monitor with invasive pressure monitoring facilities	419
Figure A.5 – Identification of APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in an X-ray ME SYSTEM	421
Figure A.6 – Identification of ME EQUIPMENT, APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in a transcutaneous electronic nerve stimulator (TENS) intended to be worn on the PATIENT'S belt and connected to electrodes applied to the PATIENT'S upper arm	421
Figure A.7 – Identification of ME EQUIPMENT OF ME SYSTEM, APPLIED PARTS and PATIENT CONNECTIONS in a personal computer with an ECG module	423
Figure A.8 – Pictorial representation of the relationship of HAZARD, sequence of events, HAZARDOUS SITUATION and HARM	429
Figure A.9 – Example of PATISNT ENVIRONMENT	441
Figure A.10 – Floating circuit	469
Figure A.11 – Interruption of a power-carrying conductor between ME EQUIPMENT parts in separate ENCLOSURES	475
Figure A.12 – Identification of MEANS OF PATIENT PROTECTION and MEANS OF OPERATOR PROTECTION	483
Figure A.13 – Allowable protective earth impedance where the fault current is limited	497
Figure A.14 – Probability of ventricular fibriliation	509
Figure A.15 – Example of a measuring circuit for the PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENT from a PATIENT CONNECTION to earth for ME EQUIPMENT with multiple PATIENT CONNECTIONS	519
Figure A.16 – Instability test conditions	543
Figure A.17 – Example of determining TENSILE SAFETY FACTOR using Table 21	555
Figure A.18 – Example of determining design and test cods	557
Figure A.19 – Example of human body mass distribution	557
Figure E.1 – Type B APPLIED PART	647
Figure E.2 – Type bf applied part	647
Figure E.3 – Type cf applied part	649
Figure E.4 – PATIENT AUXILIARY CURRENT	649
Figure E.5 – Loading of the PATIENT CONNECTIONS if specified by the MANUFACTURER	649
Figure F.1 – Measuring supply circuit with one side of the SUPPLY MAINS approximately earth potential	651
Figure F.2 – Measuring supply circuit with SUPPLY MAINS approximately symmetrical to earth potential	651
Figure F.3 – Measuring supply circuit for polyphase ME EQUIPMENT specified for connection to a polyphase SUPPLY MAINS	653
Figure F.4 – Measuring supply circuit for single-phase ME EQUIPMENT specified for connection to a polyphase SUPPLY MAINS	653

Figure F.5 – Measuring supply circuit for ME EQUIPMENT having a separate power supply unit or intended to receive its power from another equipment in an ME SYSTEM	655
Figure G.1– Maximum allowable current I_{ZR} as a function of the maximum allowable voltage U_{ZR} measured in a purely resistive circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with air	669
Figure G.2 – Maximum allowable voltage $U_{\rm ZC}$ as a function of the capacitance $C_{\rm max}$ measured in a capacitive circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with air	.671
Figure G.3 – Maximum allowable current $I_{\rm ZL}$ as a function of the inductance $L_{\rm max}$ measured in an inductive circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with air section.	671
Figure G.4 – Maximum allowable current I_{ZR} as a function of the maximum allowable voltage U_{ZR} measured in a purely resistive circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with payeen	679
Figure G.5 – Maximum allowable voltage $U_{\rm ZC}$ as a function of the capacitance $C_{\rm max}$ measured in a capacitae circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with oxygen	681
Figure G.6 – Maximum allowable current I_{ZL} as a function of the inductance L_{max} measured in an inductive circuit with the most flammable mixture of ether vapour with oxygen	681
	685
Figure H.1 – Examples of PEMS/ PESS structures	689
Figure H.2 – A PEMS DEVELOPMENT LIFE-CYCLE model	691
Figure H.3 – PEMS documentation requirements from Clause 14 and ISO 14971:2000	699
Figure H.4 – Example of potential parameters required to be specified for NETWORK/DATA COUPLING	711
Figure I.1 – Example of the construction of a MULTIPLE SOCKET-OUTLET (MSO)	721
Figure I.2 – Examples of application of MULTIPLE CKET-OUTLETS (MSO)	723
Figure J.1 – Insulation example 1	725
Figure J.2 – Insulation example 2	725
Figure J.2 – Insulation example 2 Figure J.3 – Insulation example 3 Figure J.4 – Insulation example 4	725
Figure J.4 – Insulation example 4	727
Figure J.5 – Insulation example 5	727
Figure J.6 – Insulation example 6	727
Figure J.7 – Insulation example 7	729
Figure K.1 – ME EQUIPMENT with an ENCLOSURE made of insulating material	731
Figure K.2 – ME EQUIPMENT with an F-TYPE APPLIED PART	731
Figure K.3 – ME EQUIPMENT with an APPLIED PART and a SIGNAL INPUT/OUTPUT PART	733
Figure K.4 – ME EQUIPMENT with a PATIENT CONNECTION of a TYPE B APPLIED PART that is not PROTECTIVELY EARTHED	733
Figure K.5 – ME EQUIPMENT with a PATIENT CONNECTION of a TYPE BF APPLIED PART that is not PROTECTIVELY EARTHED	735

Table 1 – Units outside the SI units system that may be used on ME EQUIPMENT	119
Table 2 – Colours of indicator lights and their meaning for ME EQUIPMENT	123
Table 3 – * Allowable values of Patient Leakage Currents and Patient Auxiliary Currents under Normal Condition and Single Fault Condition	171
Table 4 – * Allowable values of PATIENT LEAKAGE CURRENTS under the special test conditions identified in 8.7.4.7	173
Table 5 – Legends of symbols for Figure 9 to Figure 11, Figure 13 to Figure 20, Figure A.15, Annex E and Annex F	191
Table 6 - Test voltages for solid insulation forming a MEANS OF PROTECTION	207
Table 7 – Test voltages for MEANS OF OPERATOR PROTECTION	209
Table 8 – Multiplication factors for AIR CLEARANCES for altitudes up to 5 000 m	215
Table 9 – Material group cassification	217
Table 10 - Mains transient voltage	219
Table 11 – Minimum CREEPAGE DISTANCES and AIR CLEARANCES between parts of opposite polarity of the MAINS PART	223
Table 12 – Minimum CREEPAGE DISTANCES and AIR CLEARANCES providing MEANS OF PATIENT PROTECTION	225
Table 13 – Minimum AIR CLEARANCES providing MEANS OF OPERATOR PROTECTION from the MAINS PART	227
Table 14 – Additional AIR CLEARANCES for insulation in MAINS PARTS with PEAK WORKING VOLTAGES exceeding the peak value of the NOVINAL MAINS VOLTAGE a	229
Table 15 – Minimum AIR CLEARANCES for MEANS OF OPERATOR PROTECTION IN SECONDARY CIRCUITS	231
Table 16 - Minimum Creepage distances providing MEANS OF OPERATOR PROTECTION	233
Table 17 - NOMINAL cross-sectional area of conductors of a POWER SUPPLY CORD	251
Table 18 – Testing of cord anchorages	253
Table 19 – MECHANICAL HAZARDS covered by this clause	261
Table 20 – Acceptable gaps	265
Table 21 – Determination of TENSILE SAFETY FACTOR	293
Table 22 – Allowable maximum temperatures of parts	305
Table 23 – Allowable maximum temperatures for ME EQUIPMENT parts that are likely to be touched	307
Table 24 – Allowable maximum temperatures for skin contact with ME EQUIPMENT APPLIED PARTS	307
Table 25 – Acceptable perforation of the bottom of an ENCLOSURE	325
Table 26 – * Temperature limits of motor windings	345
Table 27 – Maximum motor winding steady-state temperature	349
Table 28 – Mechanical strength test applicability	361
Table 29 – Drop height	365
Table 30 – Test torques for rotating controls	377

Table 31 – Maximum allowable temperatures of transformer windings under overload and short-circuit conditions at 25 °C (± 5 °C) ambient temperature	381
Table 32 – Test current for transformers	383
Table A.1 – Values of AIR CLEARANCE and CREEPAGE DISTANCE derived from Table 7 of IEC 61010-1:2001 and Table 12	525
Table A.2 – CREEPAGE DISTANCES to avoid failure due to tracking from IEC 60664-1	527
Table A.3 – Instability test conditions	543
Table A.4 – Allowable time exposure for level of acceleration	547
Table A.5 – Guidance on surface temperatures for ME EQUIPMENT that creates low temperatures (cools) for therapeutic purposes or as part of its operation	565
Table C.1– Markinoon the outside of ME EQUIPMENT, ME SYSTEMS or their parts	621
Table C.2 – Marking of the inside of ME EQUIPMENT, ME SYSTEMS or their parts	623
Table C.3 – Marking of controls and instruments	623
Table C.4 – Accompanying pocuments, general	625
Table C.5 – ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS, instructions for use	625
Table D.1 – General symbols 🛇	631
Table D.2 – Safety signs	641
Table D.3 – General codes	645
Table G.1 – Gas-tightness of cord inlets	675
Table H.1 – Network/data coupling classification	707
Table I.1 – Some examples of ме sysтемs of illustration	717
Table L.1– Mandrel diameter	739
Table L.2 – Oven temperature	739

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operator on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with ney participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 60601-1 has been prepared by subcomplitee 62A: Common aspects of electrical equipment used in medical practice, of IEC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 1988, its Amendment 1 (1991) and Amendment 2 (1995). This edition constitutes a technical revision. This edition has been significantly restructured. Requirements in the electrical section have been further aligned with those for information technology equipment covered by IEC 60950-1 and a requirement for including a RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS has been added. For an expanded description of this revision, see Clause A.3.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
62A/505A/FDIS	62A/512/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard the following print types are used:

- Requirements and definitions: in roman type.
- Test specifications: in italic type.
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type.
 Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS USED THROUGHOUT THIS STANDARD THAT HAVE BEEN DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 AND ALSO GIVEN IN THE INDEX: IN SWADL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term

- "clause" means one of the seventeen numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. clause 7 includes subclauses 7.1, 7.2, etc.);
- "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 7.1, 7.2 and 7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 7).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this standard are by number only.

In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex G of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex A.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed:
- withdrawn;
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

INTRODUCTION

In 1976, IEC subcommittee 62A published the first edition of IEC/TR 60513, *Basic aspects of the safety philosophy for electrical equipment used in medical practice*. The first edition of IEC/TR 60513 provided the basis for developing:

- the first edition of IEC 60601-1 (the parent safety standard for MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT);
- the IEC 60601-1-xx series of collateral standards for MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT;
- the IEC 60601-2-xx series of particular standards for particular types of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT; and
- the IEC 606013-xx series of performance standards for particular types of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.

Aware of the need and the urgency for a standard covering electrical equipment used in medical practice, the majority of National Committees voted in 1977 in favour of the first edition of IEC 60601-1, based on a draft that at the time represented a first approach to the problem. The extent of the scope, the complexity of the equipment concerned, and the specific nature of some of the protective measures and the corresponding tests for verifying them, required years of effort product to prepare this first standard, which can now be said to have served as a universal reference since its publication.

However, the frequent application of the first edition revealed room for improvement. These improvements were all the more desirable in view of the considerable success that this standard has enjoyed since its publication.

The careful work of revision subsequent undertaken and continued over a number of years resulted in the publication of the second edition in 1988. This edition incorporated all the improvements that could be reasonably expected up to that time. Further developments remained under constant study. The second edition was amended in 1991 and then again in 1995.

The original IEC approach was to prepare separate BASIC SAFETY and performance standards for MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT. This was a natural extension of the historical approach taken at the national and international level with other electrical equipment standards (e.g. those for domestic equipment), where BASIC SAFETY is regulated through mandatory standards but other performance specifications are regulated by market pressure. In this context, it has been said that, "The ability of an electric kettle to boil water is not critical to its safe use!"

It is now recognized that this is not the situation with many tems of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, and RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATIONS have to depend on standards to ensure ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE as well as BASIC SAFETY. Such areas include the accuracy with which the equipment controls the delivery of energy or therapeutic substances to the PATIENT, or processes and displays physiological data that will affect PATIENT management.

This recognition means that separating BASIC SAFETY and performance is somewhat inappropriate in addressing the HAZARDS that result from inadequate design of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT. Many particular standards in the IEC 60601-2-xx series address a range of ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements that cannot be directly evaluated by the RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION without applying such standards. (However, the current IEC 60601 series includes fewer requirements for ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE than for BASIC SAFETY).

In anticipation of a third edition of IEC 60601-1, IEC subcommittee 62A prepared a second edition of IEC/TR 60513 [12]¹⁾ in 1994. It was intended that the second edition of IEC/TR 60513 would provide guidance for developing this edition of IEC 60601-1, and for the further development of the IEC 60601-1-xx and IEC 60601-2-xx series.

In order to achieve consistency in international standards, address present expectations in the health care community and align with developments in IEC 60601-2-xx, the second edition of IEC/TR 60513 includes two major new principles:

- the first change is that the concept of "SAFETY" has been broadened from the BASIC SAFETY considerations in the first and second editions of IEC 60601-1 to include ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE matters, (e.g. the accuracy of physiological monitoring equipment). Application of this principle leads to the change of the title of this publication from "Medical electrical equipment, Part 1: General requirements for safety" in the second edition, to "Medical electrical equipment, Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance";
- the second change is that, in specifying minimum safety requirements, provision is made for assessing the adequacy of the design PROCESS when this is the only practical method of assessing the safety of certain technologies such as programmable electronic systems. Application of this principle is one of the factors leading to introduction of a general requirement to carry out a RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS. In parallel with the development of the third edition of IEC 60601-1, a joint project with ISO/TC 210 resulted in the publication of a general standard for RISK MANAGEMENT of medical devices. Compliance with this edition of IEC 60601-1 requires that the MANUFACTURER have a RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS complying with ISO 14971 in place (see 4.2).

This standard contains requirements concerning BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE that are generally applicable to MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT. For certain types of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, these requirements are either supplemented or modified by the special requirements of a collateral or particular standard. Where particular standards exist, this standard should not be used alone.

¹⁾ Figures in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance

1 Scope, object and related standards

1.1 * Scope

This International Standard applies to the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT and MEDICAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS, hereafter referred to as ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS.

If a clause or subclause is specifically intended to be applicable to ME EQUIPMENT only, or to ME SYSTEMS only, the title and content of that clause or subclause will say so. If that is not the case, the clause or subclause applies both to ME EQUIPMENT and to ME SYSTEMS, as relevant.

HAZARDS inherent in the intended physiological function of ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS within the scope of this standard are not covered by specific requirements in this standard except in 7.2.13 and 8.4.1.

NOTE See also 4.2.

This standard can also be applied to equipment used for compensation or alleviation of disease, injury or disability.

In vitro diagnostic equipment that does not fall within the definition of ME EQUIPMENT is covered by the IEC 61010 series ²⁾. This standard does not apply to the implantable parts of active implantable medical devices covered by ISO 14708-1 ³⁾.

1.2 Object

The object of this standard is to specify general requirements and to serve as the basis for particular standards.

1.3 * Collateral standards

In the IEC 60601 series, collateral standards specify general equirements for BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE applicable to:

- a subgroup of ME EQUIPMENT (e.g. radiological equipment);
- a specific characteristic of all ME EQUIPMENT not fully addressed in his standard.

Applicable collateral standards become normative at the date of their publication and shall apply together with this standard.

NOTE 1 When evaluating compliance with IEC 60601-1, it is permissible to independently assess compliance with the collateral standards.

²⁾ IEC 61010 (all parts), Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use

³⁾ ISO 14708-1, Implants for surgery – Active implantable medical devices – Part 1: General requirements for safety, marking and for information to be provided by the manufacturer

NOTE 2 When declaring compliance with IEC 60601-1, the declarer should specifically list the collateral standards that have been applied. This allows the reader of the declaration to understand which collateral standards were part of the evaluation.

NOTE 3 Members of IEC maintain a register of valid International Standards. Users of this standard should consult this register to determine which collateral standards have been published.

If a collateral standard applies to ME EQUIPMENT for which a particular standard exists, then the particular standard takes priority over the collateral standard.

1.4 * Particular standards

In the IEC 60601 series, particular standards may modify, replace or delete requirements contained in this standard as appropriate for the particular ME EQUIPMENT under consideration, and may add other BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements.

NOTE Members of the and ISO maintain registers of valid International Standards. Users of this standard should consult these registers to determine which particular standards have been published.

A requirement of a particular standard takes priority over this standard.

2 * Normative reference

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ATTENTION: Additional collateral standards of the IEC 60601 series, which are issued subsequent to publication of this standard, become normative at the date of their publication and shall be considered as being included among the normative references below. See 1.3.

NOTE Informative references are listed in the Bibliographyon page 743.

IEC 60065:2001, Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus - Safety requirements

IEC 60068-2-2:1974, Environmental testing – Part 2: Jests. Tests B: Dry heat Amendment 1 (1993)

Amendment 2 (1994)

IEC 60079-0, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres – Part 0: General requirements

IEC 60079-2, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmosphered Part 2: Pressurized enclosures "p"

IEC 60079-5, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres – Part 5: Powder filling "q"

IEC 60079-6, Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres – Part Juli-immersion "o"

IEC 60083, Plugs and socket-outlets for domestic and similar general use standardized in member countries of IEC

IEC 60085, Electrical insulation – Thermal classification

IEC 60086-4, Primary batteries – Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries

IEC 60112, Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials

IEC 60127-1, Miniature fuses – Part 1: Definitions for miniature fuses and general requirements for miniature fuse-links

IEC 60227-1:1993, Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 19 General requirements 4)

Amendment 1 (1995)

Amendment 2 (1998)

IEC 60245-1:2003, Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60252-1, AC motor capacitors – Part 1: General – Performance, testing and rating – Safety requirements – Guide for installation and operation

IEC 60320-1, Appliance couplers to household and similar general purposes – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60335-1:2001, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60364-4-41, Electrical installations of buildings – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock

IEC 60384-14:2005, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment — Part 14: Sectional specification: Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the supply mains

IEC 60417-DB:2002, Graphical symbols for use on equipment 5)

IEC 60445, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Identification of equipment terminals and of terminations of pertain designated conductors, including general rules for an alphanumeric system

IEC 60447, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Actuating principles

IEC 60529:1989, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code Amendment 1 (1999)

⁴⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 2.2 including IEC 60227-1:1993 and its Amendment 1 (1995) and Amendment 2 (1998).

^{5) &}quot;DB" refers to the joint ISO-IEC on-line database.

⁶⁾ There exists a consolidated version 2.1, including IEC 60529:1989 and its Amendment 1 (1999).

IEC 60601-1-2, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements and tests

IEC 60601-1-3, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for safety – 3. Collateral standard: General requirements for radiation protection in diagnostic X-ray equipment

IEC 60601-1-6, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-6: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard: Usability

IEC 60601-1-8, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-8: General requirements for safety –- Collateral standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems

IEC 60664-1:1992, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests ⁷⁾

Amendment 1 (2000)

Amendment 2 (2002)

IEC 60695-11-10, Fire hazard esting – Part 11-10: Test flames – 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods

IEC 60730-1:1999, Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use – Part 1: General requirements 8)
Amendment 1 (2003)

IEC 60825-1:1993, Safety of laser products – Part 1: Equipment classification, requirements and user's guide ⁹⁾

Amendment 1 (1997)

Amendment 2 (2001)

IEC 60851-3:1996, Winding wires – Test methods Part 3: Mechanical properties 10)
Amendment 1 (1997)

Amendment 2 (2003)

IEC 60851-5:1996, Winding wires – Test methods – Part Electrical properties 11)
Amendment 1 (1997)

Amendment 2 (2004)

IEC 60851-6:1996, Winding wires – Test methods – Part 6: The mal properties Amendment 1 (1997)

IEC 60878:2003, Graphical symbols for electrical equipment in medical practice

⁷⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.2 including IEC 60664-1:1992 and its Amendment 1 (2000) and Amendment 2 (2002).

⁸⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 3.1, including IEC 60730-1:1999 and its Amendment 1 (2003)

⁹⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.2, including IEC 60825-1:1993 and its Amendment 1 (1997) and Amendment 2 (2001).

¹⁰⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 2.1, including IEC 60851-3:1996 and its Amendment 1 (1997).

¹¹⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 3.2, including IEC 60851-5:1996 and its Amendment 1 (1997) and Amendment 2 (2004).

IEC 60884-1, Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes - Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60950-1:2001, Information technology equipment – Safety – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61058-1:2000, Switches for appliances – Part 1: General requirements ¹²⁾ Amendment 1 (2001)

IEC 61558-1:1997, Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar – Part 1: General requirements and tests ¹³⁾
Amendment 1 (1998)

IEC 61558-2-1, Safety transformers, power supply units and similar – Part 2: Particular requirements for separating transformers for general use

IEC 61672-1, Electroa Oustics - Sound level meters - Part 1: Specifications

IEC 61672-2, Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Part 2: Pattern evaluation tests

IEC 61965, Mechanical safety of cathode ray tubes

ISO 31 (all parts), Quantities and units

ISO 780, Packaging - Pictorial marking for handling of goods

ISO 1000, SI units and recommendates for the use of their multiples and of certain other units

ISO 1853, Conducting and dissipative rubbes vulcanized or thermoplastic – Measurement of resistivity

ISO 2878, Rubber, vulcanized – Antistatic and conductive products – Determination of electrical resistance

ISO 2882 ¹⁴⁾, Rubber, vulcanized – Antistatic and Conductive products for hospital use – Electrical resistance limits

ISO 3746, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure – Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane

ISO 3864-1:2002, Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Part 1: Design principles for safety signs in workplaces and public areas

¹²⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 3.1, including IEC 61058-1:2000 and its Amendment 1 (2001)

¹³⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.1, including IEC 61558-1:1997 and its Amendment 1 (1998).

¹⁴⁾ ISO 2882 was withdrawn on 1 February 2005 and no replacement standard has been identified.

ISO 5349-1, Mechanical vibration – Measurement and evaluation of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration – Part 1: General requirements

ISO 7000-DB:2004 ¹⁵⁾, Graphical symbols for use on equipment – Collection of symbols

ISO 7010:2003, Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Safety signs used in workplaces and public areas

ISO 9614-1, Acoustics – Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity – Measurement at discrete points

ISO 10993 (all parts), Biological evaluation of medical devices

ISO 11134, Sterilization of health care products – Requirements for validation and routine control – Industrial moist heat sterilization

ISO 11135, Medical devices – Validation and routine control of ethylene oxide sterilization

ISO 11137, Sterilization of health care products – Requirements for validation and routine control – Radiation sterilization

ISO 13852, Safety of machine Safety distances to prevent danger zones being reached by the upper limbs

ISO 14971:2000, Medical devices Application of risk management to medical devices

ISO 15223, Medical devices – Symbol be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied

ISO 23529, Rubber – General procedures for physical test methods

3 * Terminology and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

NOTE 1 Where the terms "voltage" and "current" are used in this document, they mean the r.m.s. values of an alternating, direct or composite voltage or current unless stated otherwise.

NOTE 2 The term "electrical equipment" is used to mean ME EQUIPMENT (\$3.2.3.63) or other electrical equipment. This standard also uses the term "equipment" to mean ME EQUIPMENT or other electrical or non-electrical equipment in the context of an ME SYSTEM (see 3.64).

NOTE 3 An index is found beginning on page 749.

¹⁵⁾ "DB" refers to the joint ISO-IEC on-line database.