Elektrilised meditsiiniseadmed. Osa 1-10: Üldnõuded esmasele ohutusele ja olulistele toimivusnäitajatele. Kollateraalstandard: Nõuded füsioloogiliste suletud ahelaga kontrollerite arendamisele

Medical electrical equipment -- Part 1-10: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: Requirements for the development of physiologic closed-loop controllers



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 60601-1-10:2008 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 60601-1-10:2008 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 21.05.2008 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 24.04.2008.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 60601-1-10:2008 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 60601-1-10:2008.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 21.05.2008 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text 24.04.2008.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 11.040

Võtmesõnad:

Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirjaliku loata.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Aru 10 Tallinn 10317 Eesti; www.evs.ee; Telefon: 605 5050; E-post: info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 60601-1-10

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2008

ICS 11.040

English version

Medical electrical equipment Part 1-10: General requirements for basic safety
and essential performance Collateral Standard: Requirements for the development
of physiologic closed-loop controllers

(IEC 60601-1-10:2007)

Appareils électromédicaux Partie 1-10: Exigences générales
pour la sécurité de base
et les performances essentielles Norme collatérale: Exigences
pour le développement des régulateurs
physiologiques en boucle fermée
(CEI 60601-1-10:2007)

Medizinische elektrische Geräte -Teil 1-10: Allgemeine Festlegungen für die Sicherheit einschließlich der wesentlichen Leistungsmerkmale -Ergänzungsnorm: Anforderungen an die Entwicklung von physiologischen geschlossenen Regelkreisen (IEC 60601-1-10:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-03-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 62A/576/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 60601-1-10, prepared by SC 62A, Common aspects of electrical equipment used in medical practice, of IEC TC 62, Electrical equipment in medical practice, and ISO SC 1, Breathing attachments and anaesthetic machines, and SC 3, Lung ventilators and related devices, of ISO TC 121, Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60601-1-10 on 2008-03-01

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 2008-12-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 2011-03-01

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and covers essential requirements of EC Directive 93/42/EEC. See Annex ZZ.

This European Standard constitutes a collateral standard to EN 60601-1:2006, hereafter referred to as the general standard.

In the 60601 series of publications, collateral standards specify general requirements for safety applicable to:

- a subgroup of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT (e.g. radiological equipment); or
- a specific characteristic of all MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, not fully addressed in the general standard (e.g. ALARM SYSTEMS).

In this collateral standard, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type;
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS COLLATERAL STANDARD OR AS NOTED: IN SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term

- "clause" means one of the eight numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 8 includes Subclauses 8.1, 8.2, etc.);
- "subclause" means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 8.1, 8.2 and 8.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 8).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term "Clause" followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this standard are by number only.

In this standard, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

Clauses, subclauses and definitions for which a rationale is provided in informative Annex A are marked with an asterisk (*).

Annexes ZA and ZZ have been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60601-1-10:2007 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

ISO 9000	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 9000:2005 (not modified).
ISO 14001	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14001:2004 (not modified).
ISO 14021	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14021:2001 (not modified).
ISO 14040	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14040:2006 (not modified).
		Town Och Color of the Color of

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication IEC 60601-1	<u>Year</u> 2005	<u>Title</u> Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance	<u>EN/HD</u> EN 60601-1	<u>Year</u> 2006
IEC 60601-1-6	2006	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: Usability	EN 60601-1-6	2007
IEC 60601-1-8	2006	Medical electrical equipment - Part 1-8: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance - Collateral Standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems	EN 60601-1-8	2007
IEC 62304	2006	Medical device software - Software life-cycle processes	EN 62304	2006
ISO 14971	_ 1)	Medical devices - Application of risk management to medical devices	EN ISO 14971	2007 ²⁾
4)				
1) Undated reference. 2) Valid edition at date				

¹⁾ Undated reference.

²⁾ Valid edition at date of issue.

Annex ZZ (informative)

Coverage of Essential Requirements of EC Directives

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and within its scope the standard covers all relevant essential requirements as given in Annex I of the EC Directive 93/42/EEC.

Compliance with this standard provides one means of conformity with the specified essential requirements of the Directive concerned.

Tents, and the second s WARNING: Other requirements and other EC Directives may be applicable to the products falling within the scope of this standard.

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INTRODUCTION

The use of PHYSIOLOGIC CLOSED-LOOP CONTROLLERS in ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS are expected to provide a successful strategy to improve PATIENT safety and reduce healthcare costs [9][10][11][12][13] 1). New RISKS that are not directly addressed by previous standards are emerging in the development of this equipment. MANUFACTURERS employ a variety of methods to validate the safety and integrity of control systems with varying degrees of success. Classical methods of software VALIDATION for PHYSIOLOGIC CLOSED-LOOP be 1, logic cc CONTROLLERS can be insufficient to ensure performance with acceptable RISKS under all clinical and physiologic conditions.

¹⁾ Figures in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

Part 1-10: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance –

Collateral Standard:

Requirements for the development of physiologic closed-loop controllers

1 Scope, object and related standards

1.1 * Scope

This International Standard applies to the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT and MEDICAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS, hereafter referred to as ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS.

This collateral standard specifies requirements for the development (analysis, design, VERIFICATION and VALIDATION) of a PHYSIOLOGIC CLOSED-LOOP CONTROLLER (PCLC) as part of a PHYSIOLOGIC CLOSED-LOOP CONTROL SYSTEM (PCLCS) in ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS to control a PHYSIOLOGIC VARIABLE.

NOTE A PHYSIOLOGIC VARIABLE can be a body chemistry (e.g. electrolytes, blood glucose), a physical property (e.g. PATIENT temperature, electrophysiologic, hemodynamic), or a pharmaceutical concentration.

This collateral standard applies to various types of PCLC, e.g. linear and non-linear, adaptive, fuzzy, neural networks.

This collateral standard does not specify:

- additional mechanical requirements; or
- additional electrical requirements.

This collateral standard applies to a closed-loop controller (see Figure 1) that sets the CONTROLLER OUTPUT VARIABLE in order to adjust (i.e., change or maintain) the measured PHYSIOLOGIC VARIABLE by relating it to the REFERENCE VARIABLE.

A closed-loop controller that maintains a physical or chemical VARIABLE, using feedback that is not measured from a PATIENT, is outside the scope of this standard.

1.2 Object

The object of this collateral standard is to specify general requirements that are in addition to those of the general standard and to serve as the basis for particular standards.

1.3 Related standards

1.3.1 IEC 60601-1

For ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS, this collateral standard complements IEC 60601-1.

When referring to IEC 60601-1 or to this collateral standard, either individually or in combination, the following conventions are used:

- "the general standard" designates IEC 60601-1 alone;
- "this collateral standard" designates IEC 60601-1-10 alone;

 "this standard" designates the combination of the general standard and this collateral standard.

1.3.2 Particular standards

A requirement in a particular standard takes priority over the corresponding requirement in this collateral standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60601-1:2005, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance

IEC 60601-1-6:2006, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral Standard: Usability

IEC 60601-1-8:2006, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-8: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral Standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems

IEC 62304:2006, Medical device software – Software life cycle processes

ISO 14971, Medical devices – Application of risk management to medical devices

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60601-1:2005, IEC 60601-1-6:2006, IEC 60601-1-8:2006 and the following apply.

NOTE An index of defined term used in this collateral standard is found beginning on page 38.

3.1

ACTUATOR

Α

part of a PCLCS that performs a specified output function (see, for example, Figure 1, A)

- EXAMPLE 1 A heater delivers thermal energy.
- EXAMPLE 2 An infusion pump delivers a fluid or drug.
- EXAMPLE 3 An anaesthetic agent vaporizer delivers a vapour concentration.
- EXAMPLE 4 A ventilator delivers an inspiratory volume.

3.2

COMMAND OVERSHOOT

y_{co}

for a step response, the maximum positive deviation of the PHYSIOLOGIC VARIABLE (y), from the COMMAND VARIABLE (c)

NOTE See also Annex B.