# **INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**

ISO 22300

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# Se Search Security and resilience — Vocabulary



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# Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292, Security and resilience.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 22300:2012), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are that terms have been added from recent published documents and documents transferred to ISO/TC 292.

# Security and resilience — Vocabulary

## 1 Scope

This document defines terms used in security and resilience standards.

### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

### **3** Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

### 3.1

### activity

*process* (3.180) or set of processes undertaken by an *organization* (3.158) (or on its behalf) that produces or supports one or more *products or services* (3.181)

EXAMPLE Accounts, call centre, IT, manufacture, distribution.

### 3.2

### affected area

location that has been impacted by a *disaster* (3.69)

Note 1 to entry: The term is more relevant to immediate *evacuations* (3.80).

### 3.3

### after-action report

*document* (3.71) which records, describes and analyses the *exercise* (3.83), drawing on debriefs and reports from *observers* (3.154), and derives lessons from it

Note 1 to entry: The after-action report documents the results from the after-action review (3.197).

Note 2 to entry: An after-action report is also called a final exercise report.

### 3.4

alert

part of *public warning* (3.183) that captures attention of first responders and *people at risk* (3.166) in a developing *emergency* (3.77) situation

### 3.5

### all clear

message or signal that the danger is over

### 3.6

### all-hazards

naturally occurring *event* (<u>3.82</u>), human induced event (both intentional and unintentional) and technology caused event with potential *impact* (<u>3.107</u>) on an *organization* (<u>3.158</u>), *community* (<u>3.42</u>) or society and the environment on which it depends