
**Hand-held portable power tools —
Measurement of vibrations at the handle —**

Part 7:

Wrenches, screwdrivers and nut runners with
impact, impulse or ratchet action

*Machines à moteur portatives — Mesurage des vibrations au niveau des
poignées —*

*Partie 7: Clés, tournevis et serreuses à percussion, à impulsion ou à
cliquet*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8662-7 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118, *Compressors, pneumatic tools and pneumatic machines*, subcommittee SC 3, *Pneumatic tools and machines*.

ISO 8662 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle*:

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Chipping hammers and riveting hammers
- Part 3: Rock drills and rotary hammers
- Part 4: Grinders
- Part 5: Pavement breakers and hammers for construction work
- Part 6: Impact drills
- Part 7: Wrenches, screwdrivers and nut runners with impact, impulse or ratchet action
- Part 8: Polishers and rotary, orbital or random sanders

- *Part 9: Rammers*
- *Part 10: Nibblers and shears*
- *Part 11: Fastener driving tools (nailers)*
- *Part 12: Saws and files with reciprocating action and saws with oscillating or rotating action*
- *Part 13: Die grinders*
- *Part 14: Stone-working tools and needle scalers*

Annexes A and B of this part of ISO 8662 are for information only.

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Introduction

This part of ISO 8662 specifies how a type test for the measurement of vibrations at the handles of wrenches, screwdrivers and nut runners with impact, impulse or ratchet action shall be performed. It supplements ISO 8662-1, which gives the general specifications for the measurement of vibrations at the handle of portable hand-held power tools. It specifies the operation of the power tool under type test and other requirements for the performance of the type test.

The power tools described in this part of ISO 8662 are used for tightening and untightening threaded fasteners, i.e. nuts and screws. The principle of the operation of these power tools is that the energy from the driving medium causes a rotor to transmit energy incrementally by impact or impulse from a rotary or oscillatory action to the output shaft. The clutch mechanisms and power tool geometry differ among different power tool types, and therefore give different types of force reaction and vibration to the operator's hand.

In impact and ratchet power tools, the clutches are generally all metallic. In impact power tools, the number of impacts on the output shaft per revolution of the motor is typically one or two, whereas in ratchet power tools this number is greater. The clutches of impulse power tools generally contain a fluid which is forced through one or more restrictive passageways each time the motor rotates relative to the output shaft.

The reproducibility determined from a great number of tests in which the power tools were operated in typical work situations was found to be poor, and the possibility of improving it is small. It was therefore concluded that the type test must be carried out using an artificial load, so chosen that the values measured correspond to those found in typical work situations. The reproducibility of the proposed method has been found to be good.

Higher vibration magnitudes can easily occur in real work situations, caused either by misalignment between the power tool and fastener, or by the use of universal joints or angle heads.

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Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle

Part 7:

Wrenches, screwdrivers and nut runners with impact, impulse or ratchet action

1 Scope

This part of ISO 8662 specifies a laboratory method for measuring vibrations at the handles of wrenches, screwdrivers and nut runners with impact, impulse, rapping or ratchet action. It is a type-test procedure for establishing the vibration value at the handles of the power tools when operating on a specified load.

This part of ISO 8662 mainly covers power tools with 6,3 mm to 40 mm (1/4 in to 1 1/2 in) male or female square-drive output shafts; other drive geometries are also included. One-shot tools and stall-torque-type ratchet wrenches are excluded from this part of ISO 8662.

The power tools covered by this part of ISO 8662 may be pneumatically or hydraulically driven.

It is intended that the results be used to compare different power tools or different models of the same power tool. With the operation specified for the power tools, the values obtained will give an indication of those found in real work situations when the power tool and the head of the fastener are well aligned.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 8662. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 8662 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 691:—¹⁾, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Wrench and socket openings — Tolerances for general use.*

ISO 2787:1984, *Rotary and percussive pneumatic tools — Performance tests.*

ISO 8662-1:1988, *Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle — Part 1: General.*

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 691:1983)