

Optical fibres - Part 1-32: Measurement methods and test procedures - Coating strippability

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 60793-1-32:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 60793-1-32:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.10.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 01.10.2010.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 60793-1-32:2010 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 60793-1-32:2010.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.10.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text 01.10.2010.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 33.180.10

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English version

**Optical fibres -
Part 1-32: Measurement methods and test procedures -
Coating strippability
(IEC 60793-1-32:2010)**

Fibres optiques -
Partie 1-32 - Méthodes de mesure
et procédures d'essai -
dénudabilité du revêtement
(CEI 60793-1-32:2010)

Lichtwellenleiter -
Teil 1-32: Messmethoden
und Prüfverfahren -
Absetzbarkeit der Beschichtung
(IEC 60793-1-32:2010)

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

The text of document 86A/1273/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60793-1-32, prepared by SC 86A, Fibres and cables, of IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60793-1-32 on 2010-09-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 60793-1-32:2003.

This edition has been modified to include current practices in the market place.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2011-06-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2013-09-01

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60793-1-32:2010 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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Annex ZA
(normative)**Normative references to international publications
with their corresponding European publications**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60793-1	Series	Optical fibres - Measurement methods and test procedures	EN 60793-1	Series

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OPTICAL FIBRES –

Part 1-32: Measurement methods and test procedures – Coating strippability

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60793 is intended primarily for testing either fibres as produced by a fibre manufacturer or subsequently overcoated (tight buffered) using various polymers. The test can be performed either on fibres as produced or after exposure to various environments.

This test applies to A1, A2, A3, B and C fibres.

The object of this standard is to establish uniform requirements for the mechanical characteristic – coating strippability. This test quantifies the force required to mechanically remove the protective coating from optical fibres along their longitudinal axis.

This test is not intended as a means to maximize fibre strength after the coating is removed nor is it intended to specify the best conditions for field stripping of optical fibres.

This test is designed for optical fibres having polymeric coatings with nominal outer diameters in the range of 240 μm to 900 μm . Application of this method to fibres with outer coating diameters outside the range of 230 μm to 930 μm is not recommended.

Warning – Fibres can fracture while being stripped and pierce skin and eyes. Use of protective eyewear is recommended.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60793-1 (all parts), *Optical fibres – Measurement methods and test procedures*

3 Apparatus

3.1 Tensile equipment

Use a suitable device, for example a vertical tensile tester, which provides relative motion between the test fibre and a stripping tool and is capable of imparting constant motion at the velocity found in 5.2, without jerking the fibre under test or the stripping tool.

Use a device capable of providing relative motion in two directions to allow resetting. Provide suitable means for clamping and maintaining the stripping tool blades perpendicular to the fibre axis or in a position that prevents fibre bending, and for securing one end of the test fibre. To prevent fibre breakage, secure the fibre at the clamping point without stressing the fibre excessively.

Examples of test arrangements are shown in Figure 2.