
**Plastics — Injection moulding of
test specimens of thermoplastic
materials —**

Part 4:
Determination of moulding shrinkage

*Plastiques — Moulage par injection des éprouvettes de matériaux
thermoplastiques —*

Partie 4: Détermination du retrait au moulage



This document is a preview generated by EMS



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2018

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

| | Page |
|--|-----------|
| Foreword | iv |
| Introduction | v |
| 1 Scope | 1 |
| 2 Normative references | 1 |
| 3 Terms and definitions | 1 |
| 4 Apparatus | 2 |
| 5 Procedure | 3 |
| 5.1 Conditioning of material..... | 3 |
| 5.2 Injection moulding..... | 3 |
| 5.3 Measurement of mould temperature..... | 4 |
| 5.4 Measurement of melt temperature..... | 4 |
| 5.5 Treatment of test specimens after demoulding..... | 4 |
| 5.6 Measurement of moulding shrinkage..... | 5 |
| 5.7 Treatment following measurement of moulding shrinkage..... | 5 |
| 5.8 Measurement of post-moulding shrinkage..... | 5 |
| 6 Expression of results | 6 |
| 6.1 Moulding shrinkage..... | 6 |
| 6.2 Post-moulding shrinkage..... | 6 |
| 6.3 Total shrinkage..... | 6 |
| 7 Precision | 7 |
| 8 Test report | 7 |
| Annex A (informative) Reference points for length and width measurement | 8 |
| Bibliography | 9 |

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 294-4:2001), of which it constitutes a minor revision to update the reference in [Clause 2](#). It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 294-4:2001/Cor.1:2007.

A list of all parts in the ISO 294 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

See ISO 294-1.

In the injection moulding of thermoplastics, the difference between the dimensions of the mould cavity and those of the moulded articles produced from it can vary with the design and operation of the mould. Such differences can depend on the size of the injection-moulding machine, the shape and dimensions of mouldings including any restrictive action this can have on the shrinkage, the degree and direction of flow or movement of the material in the mould, the sizes of the nozzle, sprue, runner and gate, the cycle on which the machine is operated, the temperature of the melt and the mould, and the magnitude and duration of the hold pressure. Moulding and post-moulding shrinkage are caused by crystallization, volume relaxation and orientation relaxation of the material and by thermal contraction of both the thermoplastic material and the mould. Post-moulding shrinkage can also be influenced by humidity uptake.

The measurement of moulding and post-moulding shrinkage is useful in making comparisons between thermoplastics and in checking uniformity of manufacture.

The method is not intended as a source of data for design calculations of components. Information on the typical behaviour of a material can be obtained, however, by carrying out measurements at different melt and mould temperatures, injection velocities and hold pressures, as well as at different values of other injection-moulding parameters. The information thus obtained is important in establishing the suitability of the moulding material for the production of moulded articles with accurate dimensions.

Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials —

Part 4: Determination of moulding shrinkage

1 Scope

This document specifies a method of determining the moulding shrinkage and post-moulding shrinkage of injection-moulded test specimens of thermoplastic material in the directions parallel to and normal to the direction of melt flow.

For the determination of shrinkage of thermosets, see ISO 2577[2].

Moulding shrinkage as defined in this document excludes the effects of humidity uptake. This is included in post-moulding shrinkage and thus in total shrinkage. For cases when post-moulding shrinkage is caused by the uptake of humidity only, see ISO 175[1].

Moulding shrinkage as defined in this document represents the so-called free shrinkage with unrestricted deformation of the cooling plates in the mould during the hold period. It is considered, therefore, as the maximum value of any restricted shrinkage.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 294-1:2017, *Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens*

ISO 294-3:2002, *Plastics — Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials — Part 3: Small plates*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 294-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 moulding shrinkage

S_M
difference in dimensions between a dry test specimen and the mould cavity in which it was moulded, both the mould and the test specimen being at room temperature when measured

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed as a percentage (%) of the mould cavity dimension concerned.