

Water quality - Guidelines for the selection of sampling methods and devices for benthic macroinvertebrates in fresh waters (ISO 10870:2012)

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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Water quality - Guidelines for the selection of sampling methods and devices for benthic macroinvertebrates in fresh waters (ISO 10870:2012)

Qualité de l'eau - Lignes directrices pour la sélection des méthodes et des dispositifs d'échantillonnage des macro-invertébrés benthiques dans les eaux douces (ISO 10870:2012)

Wasserbeschaffenheit - Anleitung zur Auswahl von Probenahmeverfahren und -geräten für benthische Makro-Invertebraten in Binnengewässern (ISO 10870:2012)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 10870:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 147 "Water quality" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 "Water analysis", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2013.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10870:2012 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 10870:2012 without any modification.

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Introduction

Macroinvertebrates are an important component of fresh-water ecosystems and are the most widely used biological group to monitor aquatic ecological status (Reference [6]). A wide range of sampling and survey methodologies has been developed for a variety of specific applications as well as ecological assessment including: conservation status, biodiversity assessment, pollution control, and habitat enhancement (Reference [7]).

This International Standard gives guidelines on the selection, design, operation, and performance characteristics of sampling devices for the evaluation of benthic macroinvertebrate taxonomic composition, abundance, and diversity in fresh waters, which can all be components of the applications given in the first paragraph.

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WARNING — Working in or around water is inherently dangerous. This International Standard does not purport to address the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate health and safety practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies criteria for the selection of sampling methods and devices (operation and performance characteristics) used to evaluate benthic macroinvertebrate populations in fresh waters (rivers, canals, lakes, and reservoirs). The methods and devices considered in this International Standard are suitable for sampling all major components of the benthic assemblage. They are not suitable for sampling meiofauna.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

abundance

total number of individuals in a taxon, per sampling unit or estimated per unit area

2.2

benthic

dwelling at the bottom of an aquatic environment

2.3

canal

artificial watercourse constructed, usually, to join rivers, lakes or seas, and often of a size suitable for navigation

[SOURCE: ISO 6107-2:2006,^[2] 15]

2.4

deep water

water from 1 m below the water surface to the limiting depth for efficient sampling

2.5

diversity

species richness of a community and the distribution of individuals across those species

2.6

habitat

area of the environment in which a particular organism or population lives, including its characteristic assemblages of plants and animals

2.7

lake

inland body of water of considerable area

[SOURCE: ISO 6107-2:2006,^[2] 57]

2.8

macroinvertebrate

invertebrate that is easily visible without magnification (>0,5 mm)