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MÕÕTEMEETODITE JA TULEMUSTE TÄPSUS. OSA 1:
KATSEMEETODITEGA SEoses OLEVATE
TÄPSUSANDMETE PIIRITLEMINE**

**Petroleum and related products - Precision of
measurement methods and results - Part 1:
Determination of precision data in relation to methods
of test
(ISO 4259-1:2017 + ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 1:2019 +
ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 2:2020)**

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 4259-1:2017 +A1+A2:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 4259-1:2017 ja selle muudatuste A1:2019 ja A2:2020 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 4259-1:2017 +A1+A2:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 4259-1:2017 and its amendments A1:2019 and A2:2020.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas. Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 06.12.2017 ja muudatused A1 16.10.2019 ja A2 23.12.2020.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation. Date of Availability of the European standard is 06.12.2017, for A1 16.10.2019 and A2 23.12.2020.
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ICS 75.080

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 4259-1 + A1 + A2

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2017, October 2019,
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English Version

**Petroleum and related products - Precision of
measurement methods and results - Part 1: Determination
of precision data in relation to methods of test
(ISO 4259-1:2017 + ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 1:2019 + ISO
4259-1:2017/Amd 2:2020)**

Produits pétroliers et connexes - Fidélité des méthodes
de mesure et de leurs résultats - Partie 1:
Détermination des valeurs de fidélité relatives aux
méthodes d'essai
(ISO 4259-1:2017 + ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 1:2019 +
ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 2:2020)

Mineralölzeugnisse - Präzision von Messverfahren
und Ergebnissen - Teil 1: Bestimmung der Werte für
die Präzision von Prüfverfahren
(ISO 4259-1:2017 + ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 1:2019 +
ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 2:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 October 2017. Amendment A1 was approved by CEN on 5 July 2019. Amendment A2 was approved by CEN on 19 October 2020.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 4259-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28 "Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2018.

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The text of ISO 4259-1:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4259-1:2017 without any modification.

A1 Amendment 1 European foreword

This document (EN ISO 4259-1:2017/A1:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28 "Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin." the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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A₂ Amendment 2 European foreword

This document (EN ISO 4259-1:2017/A2:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28 "Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin." the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 4259-1:2017/Amd 2:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4259-1:2017/A2:2020 without any modification. **A₂**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28, *Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources*.

This first edition of ISO 4259-1, together with ISO 4259-2, cancels and replaces ISO 4259, which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4259 series can be found on the ISO website.

A1 Amendment 1 foreword

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A₂ Amendment 2 foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28, *Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 19, *Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

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Introduction

For purposes of quality control and to check compliance with specifications, the properties of commercial petroleum products are assessed by standard laboratory test methods. Two or more measurements of the same property of a specific sample by a specific test method, or, by different test methods that purport to measure the same property, will not usually give exactly the same result. It is, therefore, necessary to take proper account of this fact, by arriving at statistically based estimates of the precision for a method, i.e. an objective measure of the degree of agreement expected between two or more results obtained in specified circumstances.

This document makes reference to ISO 3534-2^[1], which gives a different definition of true value (see 3.23). This document also refers to ISO 5725-2. The latter is required in particular and unusual circumstances (see 5.3.1) for the purpose of estimating precision.

The two parts of ISO 4259 encompass both the derivation of precision estimates and the application of precision data. They combine the information in ASTM D6300^[2] regarding the determination of the precision estimates and the information in ASTM D3244^[3] for the utilization of test data.

A glossary of the variables used in this document and ISO 4259-2 is included as Annex I in this document.

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Petroleum and related products — Precision of measurement methods and results —

Part 1:

Determination and application of precision data in relation to methods of test

1 Scope

This document specifies the methodology for the design of an Interlaboratory Study (ILS) and calculation of precision estimates of a test method specified by the study. In particular, it defines the relevant statistical terms (Clause 3), the procedures to be adopted in the planning of ILS to determine the precision of a test method (Clause 4), and the method of calculating the precision from the results of such a study (Clauses 5 and 6).

The procedures in this document have been designed specifically for petroleum and petroleum related products, which are normally considered as homogeneous. However, the procedures described in this document can also be applied to other types of homogeneous products. Careful investigations are necessary before applying this document to products for which the assumption of homogeneity can be questioned.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5725-2, *Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results — Part 2: Basic method for the determination of repeatability and reproducibility of a standard measurement method*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

analysis of variance

ANOVA

technique that enables the total variance of a method to be broken down into its component factors

3.2

accepted reference value

ARV

agreed-upon reference value for a specific property of a material determined using an accepted reference method and protocol, e.g. derived from an ILS