
**Cutting tool data representation and
exchange —**

Part 4:
**Reference dictionary for adaptive
items**

*Représentation et échange des données relatives aux outils
coupants —*

*Partie 4: Dictionnaire de référence pour les éléments relatifs aux
attachements*



This document is a preview generated by EUS



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	2
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Abbreviated terms	4
5 Representation of the ontology concepts as dictionary entries	4
5.1 General.....	4
5.2 adaptive_item_type.....	5
5.2.1 General.....	5
5.2.2 collet.....	5
5.2.3 converter.....	5
5.2.4 driver.....	5
5.2.5 extender.....	5
5.2.6 reducer.....	6
5.3 Reference system for adaptive items.....	6
5.3.1 General.....	6
5.3.2 prismatic_adaptive_item_position.....	6
5.3.3 round_adaptive_item_position.....	7
5.4 adaptive_item_feature.....	7
5.5 General feature types.....	7
6 Properties for adaptive items	7
Annex A (normative) Principles of the ISO 13399 series	12
Annex B (informative) Classification table	15
Annex C (informative) Class definitions	16
Annex D (informative) Adaptive item property definitions	42
Annex E (informative) ISYC pictures	170
Annex F (informative) Illustration of properties	191
Annex G (informative) Principles for applying body parameters of rotational symmetrical adapters	194
Bibliography	199

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/TS 13399-4:2014), which has been technically revised.

The main change is as follows:

- update of the classes and properties in line with the modifications in the cutting tool dictionary.

A list of all parts in the ISO 13399 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document defines the terms used for adaptive items. The purpose of this document is to provide a reference dictionary to support the use of the general information model defined in ISO 13399-1.

A cutting tool with defined cutting edges is used on a machine to remove material from a workpiece by a shearing action at the cutting edges of the tool. Cutting tool data that can be described by the ISO 13399 series include, but are not limited to, everything between the workpiece and the machine tool. Information about inserts (e.g. regular and irregular shaped replaceable cutting items), solid tools (e.g. solid drill and solid end mill), assembled tools (e.g. boring bars, indexable drills and indexable milling cutters), adaptors (e.g. milling arbor and drilling chuck), components (e.g. shims, screws and clamps) and their relationships can be represented by the ISO 13399 series. The principles of the ISO 13399 series are given in [Annex A](#), and possible assemblies of the components of a cutting tool are illustrated in [Figure A.1](#).

The objective of the ISO 13399 series is to provide the means to represent the information that describes cutting tools in a computer-sensible form that is independent from any particular computer system. The representation facilitates the processing and exchange of cutting tool data within and between different software systems and computer platforms and supports the application of this data in manufacturing planning, cutting operations, and the supply of tools. The nature of this description makes it suitable not only for neutral file exchange but also as a basis for implementing and sharing product databases and for archiving. The methods used for these representations are those developed by ISO/TC 184/SC 4 for the representation of product data by using standardized information models and reference dictionaries.

An information model is a formal specification of types of ideas, facts, and processes which together describes a portion of interest of the real world and which provides an explicit set of interpretation rules. Information is knowledge of ideas, facts, and/or processes. Data are symbols or functions that represent information for processing purposes. Data are interpreted to extract information by using rules for how that should be done and a dictionary to define the terms that identify the data. Everyone in a communication process is expected to use the same information model, the same set of explicit rules and the same dictionary in order to avoid misunderstanding. If an information model and its dictionary are written in a computer-sensible language, then there is the additional benefit that they can be computer processable.

An engineering information model is therefore a specification for data that establishes the meaning of that data in a particular engineering context. A model has to be developed by formal methods to ensure that it meets the needs of the situation that it represents. An engineering information model defines the information objects that represent the concepts in an engineering application, the attributes of the objects, their relationships, and the constraints that add further meaning. An information model is an abstract concept that can be used repeatedly for any example of the real-world situation that it represents. An instance of the model is produced when it is populated with the data items and their values that are applicable to a particular example of that situation.

This document uses the following International Standards developed by ISO/TC 184/SC 4:

- the EXPRESS language defined in ISO 10303-11 for defining the information model in ISO 13399-1;
- the file format for data exchange derived from the model and defined in ISO 10303-21;
- the data dictionary defined in the ISO 13584 series.

Each class, property, or domain of values of this application domain constitutes an entry of the reference dictionary defined in this document. It is associated with a computer-sensible and human-readable definition and with a computer-sensible identification. Identification of a dictionary entry allows unambiguous reference to it from any application that implements the information model defined in ISO 13399-1.

Definitions and identifications of dictionary entries are defined by means of standard data that consist of instances of the EXPRESS entity data types defined in the common dictionary schema, resulting from

a joint effort between ISO/TC 184/SC 4 and IEC SC 3D, and in its extensions defined in ISO 13584-24 and ISO 13584-25.

This document is a preview generated by EVS

Cutting tool data representation and exchange —

Part 4: Reference dictionary for adaptive items

1 Scope

This document specifies a reference dictionary for adaptive items, together with their descriptive properties and domains of values.

This document specifies a reference dictionary containing:

- definitions and identifications of the classes of adaptive items, with an associated classification scheme;
- definitions and identifications of the data element types that represents the properties of adaptive items;
- definitions and identifications of domains of values for describing the above-mentioned data element types.

The following are within the scope of this document:

- standard data that represent the various classes of adaptive items;
- standard data that represent the various properties of adaptive items;
- standard data that represent domains of values used for properties of adaptive items;
- one implementation method by which the standard data defined in this document can be exchanged.

NOTE 1 The implementation method by which the standard data defined in this document can be exchanged is specified in ISO 10303-21.

The following are outside the scope of this document:

- specialized or expert knowledge in the design and use of cutting tools;
- rules to determine what information should be communicated;
- applications where these standard data can be stored or referenced;
- implementation methods other than the one defined in this document by which the standard data can be exchanged and referenced;
- information model for cutting tools;
- definitions of classes and properties for cutting items;
- definitions of classes and properties for tool items;
- definitions of classes and properties for assembly items;
- definitions of classes and properties for connection systems;
- definitions of classes and properties for reference systems.

NOTE 2 The information model for cutting tools is defined in ISO 13399-1.

NOTE 3 The definitions of classes and properties for cutting items, tool items, and assembly items are provided in ISO/TS 13399-2, ISO/TS 13399-3, and ISO/TS 13399-5.

NOTE 4 The definitions of classes and properties for connection systems and reference systems are provided in ISO/TS 13399-50.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TS 13399-50, *Cutting tool data representation and exchange — Part 50: Reference dictionary for reference systems and common concepts*

ISO/TS 13399-100, *Cutting tool data representation and exchange — Part 100: Definitions, principles and methods for reference dictionaries*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/TS 13399-50, ISO/TS 13399-100 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 applicable property

property (3.17) that is defined for some family of items and that applies to any member of this family

[SOURCE: ISO 13584-24:2003, 3.3, modified — "family of parts" has been replaced by "family of items"; "shall apply" has been replaced by "applies"; "any part" has been replaced by "any member"; the EXAMPLE has been removed.]

3.2 basic semantic unit

entity (3.10) that provides an absolute and universally unique identification of a certain object of the application domain that is represented as a *dictionary* (3.9) element

[SOURCE: ISO 13584-42:2010, 3.4, modified — The 3 EXAMPLES and note 1 to entry have been removed.]

3.3 chip

material removed from a *workpiece* (3.19) by a cutting process

3.4 cutting tool

device or assembly of items for removing material from a *workpiece* (3.19) through a shearing action at the defined cutting edge or edges of the device

Note 1 to entry: A cutting tool can be the assembly of one or more adaptive items, a tool item, and several cutting items on a tool item. See [Figure A.1](#).

[SOURCE: ISO 13399-1:2006, 3.1]