
**Cybersecurity — Security reference
model for industrial internet platform
(SRM- IIP)**

*Cybersécurité — Modèle de référence de sécurité pour plateforme
internet industrielle (SRM- IIP)*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

An industrial internet platform (IIP) is an industry-specific, or multi-industry, technology platform. IIPs enable users to process data such as sensor data from a wide range of manufacturing processes, to provide information for decision-making or to facilitate visualization for business decisions. IIPs also provide the capability for control systems to interact with manufacturing systems, helping to direct their activities. An IIP can bring together components that collectively meet the demands of digitalization, networking and interconnection of industrial machinery. An IIP can serve as a hub for a multi-stakeholder private industrial complex, or as part of an open system connected to the wider internet. It can also provide the underpinnings for a system using big data, and commonly serve as the basis for large-scale production of manufactured goods.

This document presents a security reference model for IIP, which characterizes the security concerns of IIP arising from the particularities of industrial settings and provides corresponding security requirements. In particular, the reference model identifies the specific characteristics of IIP from three perspectives: an industrial business view, a platform architecture view, and a system life cycle view. Based on such characteristics, their corresponding IIP-specific threats can be identified. Finally, this document provides guidance on appropriate security controls based on existing international standards. [Figure 1](#) presents the relationship between this document and other relevant standards.

The purpose of this document is to facilitate the security design, implementation, and management of IIP, complementing the security requirements that are dealt with in generic information systems. The guidance on security controls support the commercial users of the IIP, as well as their partners along the supply chain.

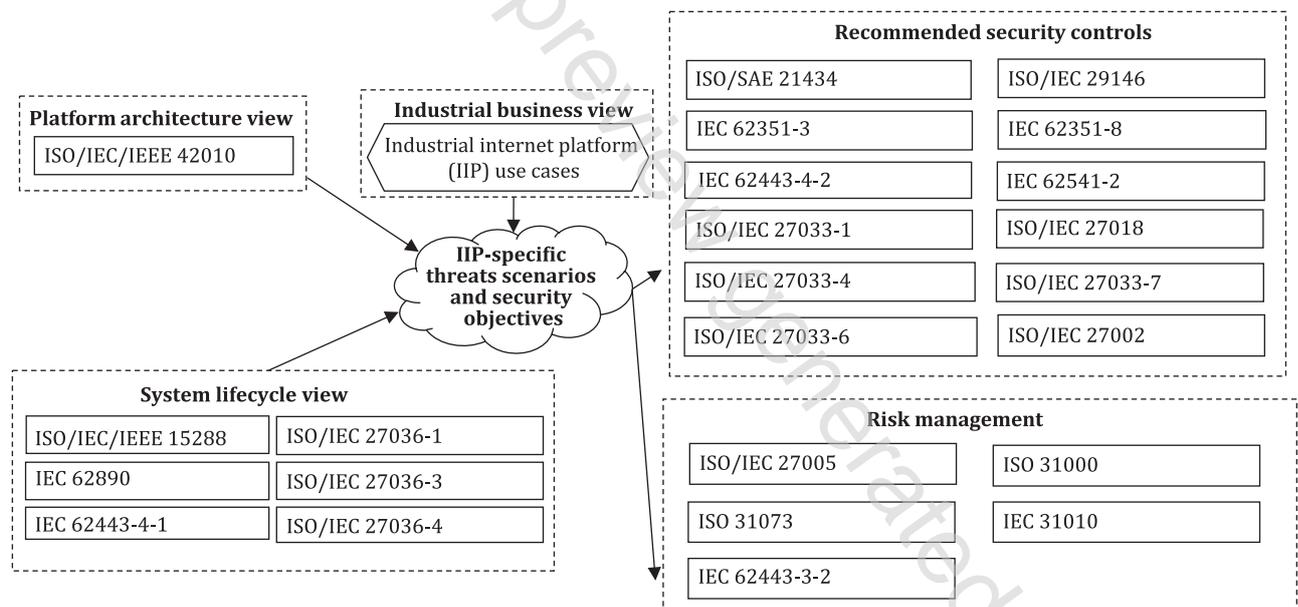


Figure 1 — The relationship between this document and other relevant standards

NOTE The IIP can include cyber-physical systems (CPS). Such CPS potentially provide elementary or assembled components to other parts of the IIP.

Like CPS, Internet of things (IoT) devices can be connected to the IIP either directly or via IIP intermediaries. Accordingly, it is important to consider IoT terminology (see ISO/IEC 20924), IoT architecture (see ISO/IEC 30141), and IIoT security issues.

Beyond CPS, IoT devices, and communication networks, IIPs commonly include cloud technology, which is covered in ISO/IEC 27017, ISO/IEC 27018, ISO/IEC 22123-1, ISO/IEC 22123-2, ISO/IEC TR 23188, and ISO/IEC TR 23186.

Cybersecurity — Security reference model for industrial internet platform (SRM- IIP)

1 Scope

This document presents specific characteristics of industrial internet platforms (IIPs), including related security threats, context-specific security control objectives and security controls.

This document covers specific security concerns in the industrial context and thus complements generic security standards and reference models. In particular, this document includes secure data collection and transmission among industrial devices, data security of industrial cloud platforms, and secure collaborations with various industry stakeholders.

The users of this document are organizations who develop, operate, or use any components of IIPs, including third parties who provide services to the abovementioned stakeholders.

This document provides recommendations for users on how to protect IIPs against IIP-specific threats.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

trust

degree to which a user or other stakeholder has confidence that a product or system will behave as intended

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 25010:2011, 4.1.3.2]

3.2

trustworthiness

ability to meet stakeholders expectations in a verifiable way

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC TR 24028:2020, 3.42, modified — Notes 1 to 3 to entry have been deleted.]

3.3

confidentiality

property that information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized individuals, entities, or processes

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 27000:2018, 3.10]