

High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) - Sheets based on thermosetting resins (Usually called Laminates) - Part 2: Determination of properties

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 438-2:2016 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 438-2:2016 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 438-2:2016 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 438-2:2016.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 17.02.2016.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 17.02.2016.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

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ICS 83.140.20

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English Version

High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) - Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) - Part 2: Determination of properties

Stratifiés décoratifs haute pression (HPL) - Plaques à base de résines thermodurcissables (communément appelées stratifiés) - Partie 2: Détermination des propriétés

Dekorative Hochdruck-Schichtpressstoffplatten (HPL) - Platten auf Basis härthbarer Harze (Schichtpressstoffe) - Teil 2: Bestimmung der Eigenschaften

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 December 2015.

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European foreword

This document (EN 438-2:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 438-2:2005.

EN 438, *High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates)*, consists of the following parts:

- *Part 1: Introduction and general information*
- *Part 2: Determination of properties*
- *Part 3: Classification and specifications for laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates*
- *Part 4: Classification and specifications for Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater*
- *Part 5: Classification and specifications for flooring grade laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates*
- *Part 6: Classification and specifications for Exterior-grade Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater*
- *Part 7: Compact laminate and HPL composite panels for internal and external wall and ceiling finishes*
- *Part 8: Classification and specifications for design laminates*
- *Part 9: Classification and specifications for alternative core laminates*

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the methods of test for determination of the properties of high-pressure decorative laminates as defined in Clause 3. These methods are primarily intended for testing the sheets specified in EN 438-3, EN 438-4, EN 438-5, EN 438-6, EN 438-8, and EN 438-9.

The precision of the test methods, specified in this European Standard, is not known because inter-laboratory data are not yet available. When inter-laboratory data will be obtained, precision statements will be added to the test method at the following revision. For those test methods having an end point determination based on subjective judgement, it is not meaningful to make a statement of precision.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 204, *Classification of thermoplastic wood adhesives for non-structural applications*

EN 312, *Particleboards — Specifications*

EN 316, *Wood fibre boards — Definition, classification and symbols*

EN 438-1, *High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 1: Introduction and general information*

EN ISO 62, *Plastics — Determination of water absorption (ISO 62)*

EN ISO 178, *Plastics — Determination of flexural properties (ISO 178)*

EN ISO 291, *Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing (ISO 291)*

EN ISO 2813, *Paints and varnishes — Determination of gloss value at 20°, 60° and 85° (ISO 2813)*

EN ISO 3668, *Paints and varnishes — Visual comparison of the colour of paints (ISO 3668)*

EN ISO 4287, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters (ISO 4287)*

EN ISO 4288, *Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture (ISO 4288)*

EN ISO 4892-1, *Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources — Part 1: General guidance (ISO 4892-1)*

EN ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources — Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps (ISO 4892-2:2013)*

EN ISO 4892-3, *Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources — Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps (ISO 4892-3)*

EN ISO 6506-1, *Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method (ISO 6506-1)*

EN ISO 12945-2, *Textiles — Determination of fabric propensity to surface fuzzing and to pilling — Part 2: Modified Martindale method (ISO 12945-2)*

EN ISO 12947-1, *Textiles — Determination of the abrasion resistance of fabrics by the Martindale method — Part 1: Martindale abrasion testing apparatus (ISO 12947-1)*

ISO 48, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of hardness (hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)*

ISO 105-A02, *Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour*

ISO 209:2007, *Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Chemical composition*

ISO 1770, *Solid-stem general purpose thermometers*

ISO 7267-2, *Rubber-covered rollers — Determination of apparent hardness — Part 2: Shore-type durometer method*

ISO 9370, *Plastics — Instrumental determination of radiant exposure in weathering tests — General guidance and basic test method*

CIE 85:1989, *Solar Spectral Irradiance*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 438-1 apply.

4 Assessment of appearance

4.1 Principle

Laminates shall be inspected for surface appearance under standardised conditions of lighting and viewing.

4.2 Apparatus

4.2.1 Horizontal inspection table, of height approximately 700 mm and large enough to accommodate the largest sheets to be inspected.

4.2.2 The light source shall provide a diffused illumination of (1200 ± 400) lx over the whole area of the largest sheets to be inspected. This may be either diffused daylight or diffused artificial daylight.

The daylight shall be unaffected by surrounding trees, etc. When artificial daylight is used, it shall have a correlated colour temperature of 5000 K to 6500 K. Both of them shall be in accordance with EN ISO 3668.

A convenient distance of the lights from the inspection table is approximately 1,5 m.

4.3 Test specimen

The specimen shall be the laminate under test, as supplied by the manufacturer.

4.4 Procedure

Place the laminate, decorative face uppermost, on the inspection table. Wipe it free of any loose contamination with a soft cloth, using a suitable cleaning agent if necessary. Inspect it from the distance required by the relevant part of EN 438 for defects such as smudges, smears, fingerprints, scratches, foreign particles, damage or any other form of blemish evident within the decorative surface. In case of cut to size panels of high-pressure decorative alternative core laminate(s), the inspection shall be performed on the edges too. The evaluation of the total area of spot-type defects in square millimetres and of the total length of hair-like defects in millimetres may be carried out with the help of the Tappi Size Estimation