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Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for air-purification performance of semiconducting photocatalytic materials under indoor lighting environment —

Part 1:
Removal of nitric oxide

Reference number
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ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 206, *Fine ceramics*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 17168 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Photocatalyst is a substance that performs decomposition and removal of contaminants, self-cleaning, antifogging, deodorization and antibacterial actions under photoirradiation. Its application has expanded considerably in recent years. The application of photocatalysts for indoor spaces has increasingly been sought as a solution to indoor environmental problems. Since conventional photocatalysts are responsive only to ultraviolet light, studies have been made to develop an indoor-light-active photocatalyst that makes effective use of indoor light, which room lights mainly emit, and thus demonstrates high photocatalytic performance indoors. The development has recently led to the commercialization of various indoor-light-active photocatalytic products, and there has been demand for the establishment of test methods to evaluate the performance of this type of photocatalyst.

This document is based on ISO 22197-1, a test method for air purification performance of photocatalytic materials under UV light, and is intended to provide a testing method to determine the performance of indoor-light-active photocatalytic materials with regards to the removal of nitric oxide, enabling swift distribution of photocatalytic products and thus contributing to a safe and clean environment.

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for air-purification performance of semiconducting photocatalytic materials under indoor lighting environment —

Part 1: Removal of nitric oxide

1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for the determination of the air purification performance, with regards to removal of nitric oxide, of materials that contain a photocatalyst or have photocatalytic films on the surface, usually made from semiconducting metal oxides such as titanium dioxide or other ceramic materials, by continuous exposure of a test piece to the model air pollutant under illumination from indoor light.

This document is intended for use with different kinds of materials, such as construction materials in flat sheet, board or plate shape, which are the basic forms of materials for various applications. This document also applies to materials in honeycomb form and to plastic or paper materials containing ceramic microcrystals and composites. This document does not apply to certain test pieces that contain a large amount of adsorbent, due to unattained adsorption equilibrium. This document does not apply to powder or granular photocatalytic materials.

This test method is usually applicable to photocatalytic materials produced for air purification. This method is not suitable for the determination of other performance attributes of photocatalytic materials, i.e. decomposition of water contaminants, self-cleaning, antifogging and antibacterial actions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7996, *Ambient air — Determination of the mass concentration of nitrogen oxides — Chemiluminescence method*

ISO 10304-1, *Water quality — Determination of dissolved anions by liquid chromatography of ions — Part 1: Determination of bromide, chloride, fluoride, nitrate, nitrite, phosphate and sulfate*

ISO 10523, *Water quality — Determination of pH*

ISO 14605, *Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Light source for testing semiconducting photocatalytic materials used under indoor lighting environment*

ISO/IEC 17025, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*

ISO 80000-1, *Quantities and units — Part 1: General*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.