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**Industrial, scientific and medical equipment - Radio-  
frequency disturbance characteristics - Limits and  
methods of measurement (CISPR 11:2015, modified +  
CISPR 11:2015/A1:2016 + CISPR 11:2015/A2:2019)**

**EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA****NATIONAL FOREWORD**

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 55011:2016+A1+A11+A2:2021 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 55011:2016 ja selle muudatuste A1:2017, A11:2020 ja A2:2021 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 55011:2016+A1+A11+A2:2021 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 55011:2016 and its amendments A1:2017, A11:2020 and A2:2021.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.
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English Version

**Industrial, scientific and medical equipment -  
Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics -  
Limits and methods of measurement  
(CISPR 11:2015, modified + CISPR 11:2015/A1:2016 + CISPR  
11:2015/A2:2019)**

Appareils industriels, scientifiques et médicaux -  
Caractéristiques de perturbations radioélectriques -  
Limites et méthodes de mesure  
(CISPR 11:2015, modifiée + CISPR 11:2015/A1:2016 +  
CISPR 11:2015/A2:2019)

Industrielle, wissenschaftliche und medizinische Geräte -  
Funkstörungen - Grenzwerte und Messverfahren  
(CISPR 11:2015, modifiziert + CISPR 11:2015/A1:2016 +  
CISPR 11:2015/A2:2019)

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## European foreword

The text of document CISPR/B/628/FDIS, future edition 6 of CISPR 11, prepared by CISPR SC B "Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction" of CISPR "International special committee on radio interference" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 55011:2016.

A draft amendment, which covers common modifications to CISPR 11:2015 (CISPR/B/628/FDIS), was prepared by CLC/TC 210, "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)" and approved by CENELEC.

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## Amendment A1 European foreword

The text of document CISPR/B/627/CDV, future CISPR 11:2015/A1, prepared by CISPR SC B "Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction" of CISPR "International special committee on radio interference" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 55011:2016/A1:2017.

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## Amendment A11 European foreword

This document (EN 55011:2016/A11:2020) has been prepared by CLC/TC 210 "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)".

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## **A<sub>2</sub>** Amendment A2 European foreword

The text of document CIS/B/715A/FDIS, future CISPR 11/A2, prepared by CISPR SC B "Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction" of CISPR "International special committee on radio interference" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 55011:2016/A2:2021.

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INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE  
COMITÉ INTERNATIONAL SPÉCIAL DES PERTURBATIONS RADIOÉLECTRIQUES

**Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement**

**Appareils industriels, scientifiques et médicaux – Caractéristiques de perturbations radioélectriques – Limites et méthodes de mesure**



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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION  
INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON RADIO INTERFERENCE

**INDUSTRIAL, SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT –  
RADIO-FREQUENCY DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS –  
LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT**

FOREWORD

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International Standard CISPR 11 has been prepared by CISPR Subcommittee B: Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition published in 2009 and its Amendment 1 published in 2010. It constitutes a technical revision.

It introduces and permits type testing on components of power electronic equipment, systems and installations. Its emission limits apply now to low voltage (LV) a.c. and d.c. power ports, irrespective of the direction of power transmission. Several limits were adapted to the practical test conditions found at test sites. They are also applicable now to power electronic ISM RF equipment used for wireless power transfer (WPT), for instant power supply and charging purposes. The limits in the range 1 GHz to 18 GHz apply now to CW-type disturbances and to fluctuating disturbances in a similar, uniform and technology-neutral way. For these measurements, two alternative methods of measurement are available, the traditional log-AV method and the new APD method.

For measurements at LV d.c. power ports of power electronic equipment, a modern implementation of the 150  $\Omega$  Delta-network specified in CISPR 16-1-2 has been made available.

This International Standard CISPR 11 has the status of a Product Family EMC standard in accordance with IEC Guide 107, *Electromagnetic compatibility – Guide to the drafting of electromagnetic compatibility publications (2014)*.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
CISPR/B/628/FDIS	CISPR/B/631/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
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- amended.

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The main content of this standard is based on CISPR Recommendation No. 39/2 given below:

RECOMMENDATION No. 39/2

**Limits and methods of measurement of electromagnetic disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment**

The CISPR

CONSIDERING

- a) that ISM RF equipment is an important source of disturbance;
- b) that methods of measuring such disturbances have been prescribed by the CISPR;
- c) that certain frequencies are designated by the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) for unrestricted radiation from ISM equipment,

RECOMMENDS

that the latest edition of CISPR 11 be used for the application of limits and methods of measurement of ISM equipment.

## AMENDMENT 1 FOREWORD

This amendment has been prepared by CISPR Subcommittee B: Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
CISPR/B/627/CDV	CISPR/B/639A/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this amendment can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
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## **A2** AMENDMENT A2 FOREWORD

This amendment has been prepared by CISPR Subcommittee B: Interference relating to industrial, scientific and medical radio-frequency apparatus, to other (heavy) industrial equipment, to overhead power lines, to high voltage equipment and to electric traction.

The text of this amendment is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
CIS/B/715A/FDIS	CIS/B/719/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this amendment can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The committee has decided that the contents of this amendment and the base publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended. **A2**

## INTRODUCTION

This CISPR publication contains, amongst common requirements for the control of RF disturbances from equipment intended for use in industrial, scientific, and medical electrical applications, specific requirements for the control of RF disturbances caused by ISM RF applications in the meaning of the definition of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU), see also Definition 3.13 in this International Standard. CISPR and ITU share their responsibility for the protection of radio services in respect of the use of ISM RF applications.

The CISPR is concerned with the control of RF disturbances from ISM RF applications by means of an assessment of these disturbances either at a standardised test site or, for an individual ISM RF application which cannot be tested at such a site, at its place of operation. Consequently, this CISPR Publication covers requirements for conformity assessment of both, equipment assessed by means of type tests at standardised test sites or of individual equipment under in situ conditions.

The ITU is concerned with the control of RF disturbances from ISM RF applications during normal operation and use of the respective equipment at its place of operation (see Definition 1.15 in the ITU Radio Regulations). There, use of radio-frequency energy decoupled from the ISM RF application by radiation, induction or capacitive coupling is restricted to the location of that individual application.

This CISPR publication contains, in 6.3, the essential emission requirements for an assessment of RF disturbances from ISM RF applications at standardised test sites. These requirements allow for type testing of ISM RF applications operated at frequencies up to 18 GHz. It further contains, in 6.4, the essential emission requirements for an in situ assessment of RF disturbances from individual ISM RF applications in the frequency range up to 1 GHz. All requirements were established in close collaboration with the ITU and enjoy approval of the ITU.

However, for operation and use of several types of ISM RF applications the manufacturer, installer and/or customer should be aware of additional national provisions regarding possible licensing and particular protection needs of local radio services and applications. Depending on the country concerned, such additional provisions may apply to individual ISM RF applications operated at frequencies outside designated ISM bands (see Table 1). They also may apply to ISM RF applications operated at frequencies above 18 GHz. For the latter type of applications, local protection of radio services and appliances requires an accomplishment of the conformity assessment by application of the relevant national provisions in the frequency range above 18 GHz in accordance with vested interests of the ITU and national administrations. These additional national provisions may apply to spurious emissions, emissions appearing at harmonics of the operation frequency, and to wanted emissions at the operation frequency allocated outside a designated ISM band in the frequency range above 18 GHz.

Recommendations of CISPR for the protection of radio services in particular areas are found in Annex E of this International Standard.

Definition 1.15 of the ITU Radio Regulations reads as follows:

**1.15** *industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications (of radio frequency energy):* Operation of equipment or appliances designed to generate and use locally radio frequency energy for industrial, scientific, medical, domestic or similar purposes, excluding applications in the field of telecommunications.

[ITU Radio Regulations Volume 1: 2012 – Chapter I, Definition 1.15]

## INTRODUCTION TO AMENDMENT 1

This Amendment introduces the fully-anechoic room (FAR) for measurements of the disturbance field strength in the range 30 MHz to 1 GHz on equipment in the scope of CISPR 11.

It contains the complete set of requirements for measurement of radiated disturbances from equipment fitting into the validated test volume of a given FAR. It specifies a separation distance of 3 m and restricts use of the FAR to measurements on table-top equipment.

At the moment the FAR can be used:

- for measurements on table-top equipment fitting into the validated test volume of the given FAR,
- for a separation distance of 3 m only, and
- if the FAR was validated according to CISPR 16-1-4.

The limits for class A and class B group 1 equipment in this CDV base on the limits in the generic emission standards IEC 61000-6-3:2006/AMD 1 (2010) and IEC 61000-6-4:2006/AMD 1 (2010). The limits for class A and class B group 2 equipment were derived using the same approximation formula as used when deriving the limits for the generic emission standards in mid of the years 2000 to 2010. CISPR/H/104/INF, published in 2005, gives detailed explanations how these limits for the FAR were derived.

More detailed background information is still found in CISPR/B/627/CDV.

CISPR/B WG1 in October 2015

## A<sub>2</sub>) Introduction to the amendment 2

This AMD 2 combines the contents of two fragments which have been circulated as CIS/B/688/CDV (f2) and CIS/B/697/CDV (f3).

### Fragment 2: Requirements for semiconductor power converters (SPC)

CISPR 11 Ed. 6.1 needs to be supplemented with further information for full inclusion of type test requirements for SPCs specified hereafter. These requirements apply only to the following types of equipment:

- a) power conversion equipment intended for assembly into photovoltaic power generating systems, such as grid connected power converters (GCPCs) and d.c. to d.c. converters,
- b) GCPCs intended for assembly into energy storage systems.

### Fragment 3: Improvement of repeatability for measurements in the frequency range 1-18 GHz

Based on the comments from the National Committees on CIS/B/662/DC, CIS/B/WG1 decided on its meeting in Hangzhou 2016 to amend the test procedure for group 2 equipment in the frequency range 1 to 18 GHz for the following reasons:

- a) CISPR 11 allows final measurements on group 2 equipment operating at frequencies above 400 MHz with two different weighting functions, the traditional "LogAV detector" with a video bandwidth of 10 Hz and the new APD method, where the Amplitude Probability Distribution is evaluated.

With the alignment of emission requirements for sources of fluctuating emissions with those generating CW-type emissions (Fraction 4 of the last general maintenance of CISPR 11) for most of the frequency range 1 to 18 GHz the peak detector is used mostly for preliminary measurements, while the number of final measurements with the LogAV detector has been increased from 2 frequencies to max. 7 frequencies.

In parallel, with fraction 3, the APD detector has been introduced, but only with the traditional 2 final frequencies (one in the range 1 GHz to 2.4 GHz and one in the range 2,5 GHz to 18 GHz).

The number of final frequencies to be measured should be aligned for both weighting functions.

- b) During practical measurements cases have been observed, where the critical frequency changed between preliminary and final measurement by more than 5 MHz. The range of 10 MHz for weighted measurements ( $\pm 5$  MHz from highest peak emission) seems therefore not always to be sufficient.

An extension of this frequency range seems advisable and could increase the repeatability.

In the range 11,7 to 12,7 GHz, an EUT fails immediately if one peak exceeds the limit of 73 dB[ $\mu$ V/m]. Observations on a big number of different microwave ovens have shown that during the final measurement (at least 2 min) such peaks may occur very seldom, and with a very short duration, and an estimated overall duration of less than 1 % of the measuring time.

A state-of-the-art digital communication service should be able to tolerate such peaks. Meanwhile, in countries where broadcasting systems, which are already standardized and widely spread and is difficult to avoid disturbance by such peaks, are under operation, additional limits could be separately introduced as necessary.

- c) The repeatability of the peak measurement on microwave ovens is poor. Moreover, the sheer height of the highest peak emission, without information on its duration and repetition rate, provides very limited information on the real disturbance potential.

Measurements with both of the weighting methods have a significantly better repeatability and should, by their physical nature, give a better judgement for the disturbing potential of the EUT on digital radio services.

- d) The conditions for preliminary and final measurements became ambiguous in Edition 6.0 (CISPR 11:2015), particularly regarding the required test time. Furthermore, it has been found that, in some cases, a duration of 20 s for the preliminary peak measurement may not be enough. To further increase the repeatability, WG1 decided not to divide the peak measurements anymore into preliminary and final measurements, but to require a 2-minute max hold peak measurement at every azimuth.

CISPR SC/B WG1 agreed to present the following proposals to the National Committees:

- 1) Define the same 7 final frequency ranges for the APD method as already defined for the LogAV method (detector).
- 2) Extend the frequency range for the final weighted measurement to 20 MHz.

*For the APD method this would mean to measure on 5 final frequencies, the critical frequency itself, +/- 5 MHz and +/- 10 MHz.*

*For the LogAV detector, the requirement remains to perform for the final measurements at least 5 consecutive sweeps in max hold mode. The test time increases accordingly, and coverage of the fluctuations is the same as before.*

- 3) Change the peak limit in Table 13 to a constant value of 70 dB[ $\mu$ V/m] throughout the frequency range and replace the requirement of a final peak measurement in the range 11,7 GHz to 12,7 GHz by a requirement of an additional weighted measurement at the frequency of the highest peak emission in this range. This may lead to a maximum of 8 final weighted measurements.
- 4) Discard the distinction between preliminary and final peak measurements and make instead the peak measurements on all azimuths for 2 minutes. 

# INDUSTRIAL, SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT – RADIO-FREQUENCY DISTURBANCE CHARACTERISTICS – LIMITS AND METHODS OF MEASUREMENT

## 1 Scope

This International Standard applies to industrial, scientific and medical electrical equipment operating in the frequency range 0 Hz to 400 GHz and to domestic and similar appliances designed to generate and/or use locally radio-frequency energy.

This standard covers emission requirements related to radio-frequency (RF) disturbances in the frequency range of 9 kHz to 400 GHz. Measurements need only be performed in frequency ranges where limits are specified in Clause 6.

For ISM RF applications in the meaning of the definition found in the ITU Radio Regulations (see Definition 3.13), this standard covers emission requirements related to radio-frequency disturbances in the frequency range of 9 kHz to 18 GHz.

NOTE Emission requirements for induction cooking appliances are specified in CISPR 14-1 [1]<sup>1</sup>.

Requirements for ISM RF lighting equipment and UV irradiators operating at frequencies within the ISM frequency bands defined by the ITU Radio Regulations are contained in this standard.

Equipment covered by other CISPR product and product family emission standards are excluded from the scope of this standard.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CISPR 16-1-1:2010, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Measuring apparatus*

CISPR 16-1-1:2010/AMD 1:2010

CISPR 16-1-1:2010/AMD 2:2014

CISPR 16-1-2:2014, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-1-4:2010, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus – Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-1-4:2010/AMD 1:2012

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<sup>1</sup> Figures in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

CISPR 16-2-1:2014, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-1: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Conducted disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-2-3:2010, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity – Radiated disturbance measurements*

CISPR 16-2-3:2010/AMD 1:2010

CISPR 16-2-3:2010/AMD 2:2014

CISPR 16-4-2:2011, *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Measuring instrumentation uncertainty*

CISPR 16-4-2:2011/AMD 1:2014

IEC 60050-161:1990, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility*

IEC 60601-1-2:2014, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic disturbances – Requirements and tests*

IEC 60601-2-2:2009, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-2: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of high frequency surgical equipment and high frequency surgical accessories*

IEC 60974-10:2014, *Arc welding equipment – Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements*

IEC 61307:2011, *Industrial microwave heating installations – Test methods for the determination of power output*

IEC 62135-2:2007, *Resistance welding equipment – Part 2: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements*

ITU Radio Regulations (2012), *Radio regulations, Volume 3 – Resolutions and recommendations, Resolution no. 63* (available at <http://www.itu.int/pub/R-REG-RR-2012>)

### **3 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-161, as well as the following, apply.

#### **3.1**

##### **a.c. mains power port**

port used to connect to a public low voltage a.c. mains power distribution network or other low voltage a.c. mains installation

#### **3.2**

##### **arc welding equipment**

equipment for applying current and voltage and having the required characteristics suitable for arc welding and allied processes