

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Ultrasonics – Hydrophones –  
Part 3: Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields**

**Ultrasons – Hydrophones –  
Partie 3: Propriétés des hydrophones pour les champs ultrasoniques**



## THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2022 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de l'IEC ou du Comité national de l'IEC du pays du demandeur. Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de l'IEC ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de l'IEC de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Secretariat  
3, rue de Varembé  
CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11  
[info@iec.ch](mailto:info@iec.ch)  
[www.iec.ch](http://www.iec.ch)

### About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

### About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

#### IEC publications search - [webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform](http://webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform)

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

#### IEC Customer Service Centre - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: [sales@iec.ch](mailto:sales@iec.ch).

#### IEC Products & Services Portal - [products.iec.ch](http://products.iec.ch)

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 300 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 19 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

### A propos de l'IEC

La Commission Electrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des Normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

### A propos des publications IEC

Le contenu technique des publications IEC est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

#### Recherche de publications IEC - [webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform](http://webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform)

La recherche avancée permet de trouver des publications IEC en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études, ...). Elle donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications remplacées ou retirées.

#### IEC Just Published - [webstore.iec.ch/justpublished](http://webstore.iec.ch/justpublished)

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications IEC. Just Published détaille les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en ligne et une fois par mois par email.

#### Service Clients - [webstore.iec.ch/csc](http://webstore.iec.ch/csc)

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions contactez-nous: [sales@iec.ch](mailto:sales@iec.ch).

#### IEC Products & Services Portal - [products.iec.ch](http://products.iec.ch)

Découvrez notre puissant moteur de recherche et consultez gratuitement tous les aperçus des publications. Avec un abonnement, vous aurez toujours accès à un contenu à jour adapté à vos besoins.

#### Electropedia - [www.electropedia.org](http://www.electropedia.org)

Le premier dictionnaire d'électrotechnologie en ligne au monde, avec plus de 22 300 articles terminologiques en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans 19 langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International (IEV) en ligne.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## NORME INTERNATIONALE



---

**Ultrasonics – Hydrophones –  
Part 3: Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields**

**Ultrasons – Hydrophones –  
Partie 3: Propriétés des hydrophones pour les champs ultrasoniques**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

COMMISSION  
ELECTROTECHNIQUE  
INTERNATIONALE

---

ICS 17.140.50

ISBN 978-2-8322-6210-8

**Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.  
Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.**

## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
2 Normative references .....	7
3 Terms, definitions and symbols.....	7
4 List of symbols .....	11
5 Hydrophone characteristics .....	11
5.1 General.....	11
5.2 Basic information .....	11
5.3 Sensitivity .....	12
5.4 Frequency response .....	13
5.4.1 Stated frequency band.....	13
5.4.2 Frequency dependence .....	13
5.5 Directional response .....	13
5.5.1 General .....	13
5.5.2 Determination of the directional response .....	13
5.5.3 Symmetry of directional response .....	14
5.6 Effective hydrophone size .....	15
5.6.1 General .....	15
5.6.2 Model of directional response.....	15
5.6.3 Fitting of experimental response to theoretical predictions.....	16
5.7 Dynamic range, linearity and electromagnetic interference.....	16
5.8 Electric output characteristics .....	17
5.8.1 Hydrophone without pre-amplifier .....	17
5.8.2 Hydrophone assembly .....	18
5.8.3 Output lead configuration.....	18
5.9 Environmental aspects.....	18
5.9.1 Temperature range .....	18
5.9.2 Water tightness .....	18
5.9.3 Water properties and incompatible materials .....	18
5.9.4 Exposed material.....	18
5.10 Guidance manual.....	19
5.11 List of hydrophone characteristics.....	19
Annex A (informative) Examples of information on hydrophone properties .....	20
A.1 General.....	20
A.2 Basic information .....	20
A.3 Sensitivity and frequency response.....	20
A.4 Directional response .....	23
A.5 Effective dimension.....	23
A.6 Dynamic range, linearity and electromagnetic interference.....	25
A.6.1 Lower dynamic limit .....	25
A.6.2 Upper dynamic limit .....	25
A.7 Electric output characteristics .....	25
A.8 Environmental aspects.....	25
Annex B (informative) Rationale.....	27

B.1	General.....	27
B.2	Changes to the determination of directional response .....	27
B.3	Changes to the determination of effective radius.....	27
Annex C (informative)	Membrane hydrophone directivity model .....	29
C.1	General.....	29
C.2	Details of model.....	29
Bibliography	.....	30
Figure A.1	– Frequency response of 0,2 mm needle hydrophone in the range 1 MHz to 40 MHz .....	21
Figure A.2	– Frequency response of 0,2 mm needle hydrophone in the range 100 kHz to 1 MHz .....	22
Figure A.3	– Directional response of 0,2 mm needle hydrophone .....	23
Figure A.4	– Effective radius of 0,2 mm needle hydrophone .....	24
Figure A.5	– Comparison of modelled and experimentally derived directional response .....	24
Table A.1	– Example of basic information for 0,2 mm needle hydrophone assembly .....	20

is a preview generated by EVS

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

---

**ULTRASONICS – HYDROPHONES –****Part 3: Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields**

## FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 62127-3 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 87: Ultrasonics. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2007 and Amendment 1:2013. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition.

- a) The upper frequency limit of 40 MHz has been removed.
- b) Hydrophone sensitivity definitions have been changed to recognize sensitivities as complex-valued quantities.
- c) Procedures to determine the effective hydrophone size have been changed according to the rationale outlined in Annex B.
- d) Requirements on the frequencies for which the effective hydrophone size shall be provided have been changed to achieve practicality for increased frequency bands.
- e) The new Annex B and Annex C have been added.

f) Annex A has been updated to reflect the changes of the normative parts.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
87/818/FDIS	87/824/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/publications](http://www.iec.ch/publications).

A list of all parts of IEC 62127 series, published under the general title *Ultrasonics – Hydrophones*, can be found on the IEC website.

NOTE Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

**IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.**

## INTRODUCTION

The spatial and temporal distribution of acoustic pressure in an ultrasonic field in a liquid medium is commonly determined using miniature ultrasonic **hydrophones**. The properties of these **hydrophones** have been dealt with in a number of IEC standards in various aspects. The purpose of this document is to bring together all these specifications and to establish a common standard on the properties of ultrasonic **hydrophones**. The main **hydrophone** application in this context is the measurement of ultrasonic fields emitted by medical diagnostic equipment in water. Other medical applications are field measurements for therapy equipment such as that used in lithotripsy, high-intensity focused ultrasound (HIFU) and physiotherapy. **Hydrophones** are also used extensively in non-medical applications for both product development and quality control including:

- mapping of the ultrasound field within ultrasonic cleaning baths;
- characterization of acoustic fields used in transmission measurement systems (e.g. ultrasonic spectrometers, ultrasonic attenuation meters and velocimeters);
- characterization of acoustic fields used in reflection measurement systems (e.g. Doppler flowmeters).

While the term **hydrophone** can be used in a wider sense, it is understood here as referring to miniature piezoelectric **hydrophones**. It is this instrument type that is used today in various areas of ultrasonics and, in particular, to quantitatively characterize the field structure of medical diagnostic instruments. With regard to other pressure sensor types, such as those based on fibre optics, some of the requirements of this document are applicable to these as well but others are not. If in the future these other **hydrophone** types gain more importance in field measurement practice, their properties will have to be dealt with in a revised version of this document or in a separate one.

Underwater **hydrophones** as covered by IEC 60500, IEC 60565-1, and IEC 60565-2 are not included in this document, although there is an overlap in the frequency ranges. Underwater **hydrophones** are used in natural waters, even in the ocean, and this leads to different technical concepts and requirements. In addition, the main direction of acoustic incidence in underwater applications is at various angles and often at right angles to the **hydrophone axis**, whereas in this document it is assumed that the main direction of acoustic incidence is in the direction of the **hydrophone axis**.

Historically, ultrasonic **hydrophones** were used almost exclusively as amplitude sensors. However, the complex-valued nature of a **hydrophone's** system response function is well understood and IEC 62127-1:2022 makes use of this within the deconvolution procedures it contains. In this document, requirements are specified for the amplitude aspect of the **hydrophone** sensitivity and recommendations are provided for the phase aspect which can be derived either via calibration, or via calculation methods that are discussed in IEC 62127-1:2022.

## ULTRASONICS – HYDROPHONES –

### Part 3: Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62127 specifies relevant **hydrophone** characteristics.

This document is applicable to:

- **hydrophones** employing piezoelectric sensor elements, designed to measure the pulsed and continuous wave ultrasonic fields generated by ultrasonic equipment;
- **hydrophones** used for measurements made in water;
- **hydrophones** with or without an associated pre-amplifier.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62127-1, *Ultrasonics – Hydrophones – Part 1: Measurement and characterization of medical ultrasonic fields*

IEC 62127-2, *Ultrasonics – Hydrophones – Part 2: Calibration for ultrasonic fields up to 40 MHz*

#### 3 Terms, definitions and symbols

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 62127-1, IEC 62127-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

##### 3.1

##### **acoustic pulse waveform**

temporal waveform of the **instantaneous acoustic pressure** at a specified position in an acoustic field and displayed over a period sufficiently long to include all significant acoustic information in a single pulse or tone-burst, or one or more cycles in a continuous wave

Note 1 to entry: Temporal waveform is a representation (e.g. oscilloscope presentation or formula) of the **instantaneous acoustic pressure**.

[SOURCE: IEC 62127-1:2022, 3.1]