

**ÜHISKONDLIK TURVALISUS. TALITLUSPIDEVUSE
JUHTIMISSÜSTEEM. NÕUDED**

**Security and resilience - Business continuity
management systems - Requirements (ISO 22301:2019 +
ISO 22301:2019/Amd 1:2024)**

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA**NATIONAL FOREWORD**

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 22301:2019+A1:2024 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 22301:2019 ja selle muudatuse A1:2024 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 22301:2019+A1:2024 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 22301:2019 and its amendment A1:2024.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas. Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 06.11.2019, muudatus A1 11.09.2024.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation. Date of Availability of the European standard is 06.11.2019, for A1 11.09.2024.
Muudatusega A1 lisatud või muudetud teksti algus ja lõpp on tekstis tähistatud sümbolitega   .	The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment A1 is indicated in the text by tags   .
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile standardiosakond@evs.ee.

ICS 03.100.01; 03.100.70

<p>Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusele</p> <p>Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.</p> <p>Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autoriõiguse kaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardimis- ja Akrediteerimiskeskusega: Koduleht www.evs.ee; telefon 605 5050; e-post info@evs.ee</p> <p>The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation</p> <p>No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation.</p> <p>If you have any questions about standards copyright protection, please contact the Estonian Centre for Standardisation and Accreditation: Homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee</p>
--

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 22301 + A1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2019, September 2024

ICS 03.100.01; 03.100.70

Supersedes EN ISO 22301:2014

English Version

**Security and resilience - Business continuity management
systems - Requirements (ISO 22301:2019 + ISO
22301:2019/Amd 1:2024)**

Sécurité et résilience - Systèmes de management de la
continuité d'activité - Exigences (ISO 22301:2019 + ISO
22301:2019/Amd 1:2024)

Sicherheit und Resilienz - Business Continuity
Management System - Anforderungen (ISO
22301:2019 + ISO 22301:2019/Amd 1:2024)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 October 2019. Amendment A1 was approved by CEN on 2 September 2024.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard and its amendment the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard and its Amendment A1 exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 22301:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292 "Security and resilience" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 391 "Societal and Citizen Security" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 22301:2014.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 22301:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 22301:2019 without any modification.

A1 Amendment A1 European foreword

The text of ISO 22301:2019/Amd 1:2024 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292 "Security and resilience" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 22301:2019/A1:2024 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 391 "Societal and Citizen Security" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 22301:2019 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2025, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2025.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 22301:2019/Amd 1:2024 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 22301:2019/A1:2024 without any modification. **A1**

This document is a preview generated by EVS

Contents

Page

Foreword	v
Amendment A1 Foreword	vi
Introduction	vii
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Context of the organization	8
4.1 Understanding the organization and its context.....	8
4.2 Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties.....	8
4.2.1 General.....	8
4.2.2 Legal and regulatory requirements.....	8
4.3 Determining the scope of the business continuity management system.....	8
4.3.1 General.....	8
4.3.2 Scope of the business continuity management system.....	8
4.4 Business continuity management system.....	9
5 Leadership	9
5.1 Leadership and commitment.....	9
5.2 Policy.....	9
5.2.1 Establishing the business continuity policy.....	9
5.2.2 Communicating the business continuity policy.....	10
5.3 Roles, responsibilities and authorities.....	10
6 Planning	10
6.1 Actions to address risks and opportunities.....	10
6.1.1 Determining risks and opportunities.....	10
6.1.2 Addressing risks and opportunities.....	10
6.2 Business continuity objectives and planning to achieve them.....	11
6.2.1 Establishing business continuity objectives.....	11
6.2.2 Determining business continuity objectives.....	11
6.3 Planning changes to the business continuity management system.....	11
7 Support	12
7.1 Resources.....	12
7.2 Competence.....	12
7.3 Awareness.....	12
7.4 Communication.....	12
7.5 Documented information.....	13
7.5.1 General.....	13
7.5.2 Creating and updating.....	13
7.5.3 Control of documented information.....	13
8 Operation	14
8.1 Operational planning and control.....	14
8.2 Business impact analysis and risk assessment.....	14
8.2.1 General.....	14
8.2.2 Business impact analysis.....	14
8.2.3 Risk assessment.....	15
8.3 Business continuity strategies and solutions.....	15
8.3.1 General.....	15

8.3.2	Identification of strategies and solutions	15
8.3.3	Selection of strategies and solutions	15
8.3.4	Resource requirements.....	16
8.3.5	Implementation of solutions.....	16
8.4	Business continuity plans and procedures.....	16
8.4.1	General.....	16
8.4.2	Response structure.....	16
8.4.3	Warning and communication	17
8.4.4	Business continuity plans	18
8.4.5	Recovery.....	18
8.5	Exercise programme	19
8.6	Evaluation of business continuity documentation and capabilities.....	19
9	Performance evaluation	19
9.1	Monitoring, measurement, analysis and evaluation.....	19
9.2	Internal audit	20
9.2.1	General.....	20
9.2.2	Audit programme(s).....	20
9.3	Management review.....	20
9.3.1	General.....	20
9.3.2	Management review input.....	20
9.3.3	Management review outputs.....	21
10	Improvement.....	22
10.1	Nonconformity and corrective action.....	22
10.2	Continual improvement.....	22
	Bibliography.....	23

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292, *Security and resilience*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 22301:2012), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- ISO's requirements for management system standards, which have evolved since 2012, have been applied;
- requirements have been clarified, with no new requirements added;
- discipline-specific business continuity requirements are now almost entirely within Clause 8;
- Clause 8 has been re-structured to provide a clearer understanding of the key requirements;
- a number of discipline-specific business continuity terms have been modified to improve clarity and to reflect current thinking.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

A1 Amendment A1 Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 292, *Security and resilience*, in accordance with Technical Management Board Resolution 75/2023.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html. **A1**

Introduction

0.1 General

This document specifies the structure and requirements for implementing and maintaining a business continuity management system (BCMS) that develops business continuity appropriate to the amount and type of impact that the organization may or may not accept following a disruption.

The outcomes of maintaining a BCMS are shaped by the organization's legal, regulatory, organizational and industry requirements, products and services provided, processes employed, size and structure of the organization, and the requirements of its interested parties.

A BCMS emphasizes the importance of:

- understanding the organization's needs and the necessity for establishing business continuity policies and objectives;
- operating and maintaining processes, capabilities and response structures for ensuring the organization will survive disruptions;
- monitoring and reviewing the performance and effectiveness of the BCMS;
- continual improvement based on qualitative and quantitative measures.

A BCMS, like any other management system, includes the following components:

- a) a policy;
- b) competent people with defined responsibilities;
- c) management processes relating to:
 - 1) policy;
 - 2) planning;
 - 3) implementation and operation;
 - 4) performance assessment;
 - 5) management review;
 - 6) continual improvement;
- d) documented information supporting operational control and enabling performance evaluation.

0.2 Benefits of a business continuity management system

The purpose of a BCMS is to prepare for, provide and maintain controls and capabilities for managing an organization's overall ability to continue to operate during disruptions. In achieving this, the organization is:

- a) from a business perspective:
 - 1) supporting its strategic objectives;
 - 2) creating a competitive advantage;
 - 3) protecting and enhancing its reputation and credibility;

- 4) contributing to organizational resilience;
- b) from a financial perspective:
- 1) reducing legal and financial exposure;
 - 2) reducing direct and indirect costs of disruptions;
- c) from the perspective of interested parties:
- 1) protecting life, property and the environment;
 - 2) considering the expectations of interested parties;
 - 3) providing confidence in the organization's ability to succeed;
- d) from an internal processes perspective:
- 1) improving its capability to remain effective during disruptions;
 - 2) demonstrating proactive control of risks effectively and efficiently;
 - 3) addressing operational vulnerabilities.

0.3 Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA) cycle

This document applies the Plan (establish), Do (implement and operate), Check (monitor and review) and Act (maintain and improve) (PDCA) cycle to implement, maintain and continually improve the effectiveness of an organization's BCMS.

This ensures a degree of consistency with other management systems standards, such as ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO/IEC 20000-1, ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO 28000, thereby supporting consistent and integrated implementation and operation with related management systems.

In accordance with the PDCA cycle, Clauses 4 to 10 cover the following components.

- Clause 4 introduces the requirements necessary to establish the context of the BCMS applicable to the organization, as well as needs, requirements and scope.
- Clause 5 summarizes the requirements specific to top management's role in the BCMS, and how leadership articulates its expectations to the organization via a policy statement.
- Clause 6 describes the requirements for establishing strategic objectives and guiding principles for the BCMS as a whole.
- Clause 7 supports BCMS operations related to establishing competence and communication on a recurring/as-needed basis with interested parties, while documenting, controlling, maintaining and retaining required documented information.
- Clause 8 defines business continuity needs, determines how to address them and develops procedures to manage the organization during a disruption.
- Clause 9 summarizes the requirements necessary to measure business continuity performance, BCMS conformity with this document, and to conduct management review.
- Clause 10 identifies and acts on BCMS nonconformity and continual improvement through corrective action.

0.5 Contents of this document

This document conforms to ISO's requirements for management system standards. These requirements include a high level structure, identical core text and common terms with core definitions, designed to benefit users implementing multiple ISO management system standards.

This document does not include requirements specific to other management systems, though its elements can be aligned or integrated with those of other management systems.

This document contains requirements that can be used by an organization to implement a BCMS and to assess conformity. An organization that wishes to demonstrate conformity to this document can do so by:

- making a self-determination and self-declaration; or
- seeking confirmation of its conformity by parties having an interest in the organization, such as customers; or
- seeking confirmation of its self-declaration by a party external to the organization; or
- seeking certification/registration of its BCMS by an external organization.

Clauses 1 to 3 in this document set out the scope, normative references and terms and definitions that apply to the use of this document. Clauses 4 to 10 contain the requirements to be used to assess conformity to this document.

In this document, the following verbal forms are used:

- a) "shall" indicates a requirement;
- b) "should" indicates a recommendation;
- c) "may" indicates a permission;
- d) "can" indicates a possibility or a capability.

Information marked as "NOTE" is for guidance in understanding or clarifying the associated requirement. "Notes to entry" used in Clause 3 provide additional information that supplements the terminological data and can contain provisions relating to the use of a term.

This document is a preview generated by EVS

Security and resilience — Business continuity management systems — Requirements

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements to implement, maintain and improve a management system to protect against, reduce the likelihood of the occurrence of, prepare for, respond to and recover from disruptions when they arise.

The requirements specified in this document are generic and intended to be applicable to all organizations, or parts thereof, regardless of type, size and nature of the organization. The extent of application of these requirements depends on the organization's operating environment and complexity.

This document is applicable to all types and sizes of organizations that:

- a) implement, maintain and improve a BCMS;
- b) seek to ensure conformity with stated business continuity policy;
- c) need to be able to continue to deliver products and services at an acceptable predefined capacity during a disruption;
- d) seek to enhance their resilience through the effective application of the BCMS.

This document can be used to assess an organization's ability to meet its own business continuity needs and obligations.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 22300, *Security and resilience — Vocabulary*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 22300 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

NOTE The terms and definitions given below supersede those given in ISO 22300:2018.