

INTERNATIONAL  
STANDARD

**ISO**  
**8370-2**

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**Belt drives — Dynamic test to determine  
pitch zone location —**

**Part 2:**  
V-ribbed belts

*Transmissions par courroies — Méthode d'essai dynamique de  
détermination de l'emplacement de la zone primitive d'une courroie —  
Partie 2: Courroies striées*



Reference number  
ISO 8370-2:1993(E)

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8370-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 41, *Pulleys and belts (including veebelts)*, Sub-Committee SC 1, *Veebelts and grooved pulleys*.

This first edition of ISO 8370-2, together with ISO 8370-1, cancels and replaces ISO 8370:1987, which has been technically revised.

ISO 8370 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Belt drives — Dynamic test to determine pitch zone location*:

- Part 1: *V-belts*
- Part 2: *V-ribbed belts*

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## **Introduction**

A V-ribbed belt pulley is defined by the profile and pitch of the pulley grooves.

When a specific belt is placed in the pulley, it will operate with a pitch zone at a finite position relative to the pulley. This position needs to be defined for power transmission design calculations.

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# Belt drives — Dynamic test to determine pitch zone location

## Part 2: V-ribbed belts

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 8370 specifies a dynamic method of determining the location of the pitch zone of a V-ribbed-belt, which is expressed as an effective line differential  $b_e$  (see figure 1).

NOTE 1 If a high precision is not required, nominal values for the pitch zone positions given in ISO 9981 and ISO 9982 may be used.

### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 8370. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 8370 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 9981:1990, *Belt drives — Pulleys and V-ribbed belts for the automotive industry — Dimensions — PK profile.*

ISO 9982:1991, *Belt drives — Pulleys and V-ribbed belts for industrial applications — Dimensions — PH, PJ, PK, PL and PM profiles.*

### 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 9981:1990, 3.4 and in ISO 9982:1991, 3.4 apply.

### 4 Principle

Calculation of the pitch diameter of the belt operating in the pulley on a test fixture by measuring the rotational frequency of the pulley and either the belt velocity over a straight span or the centre distance between the pulleys and the time of rotation of the belt, and calculation of the effective line differential.

### 5 Apparatus

**5.1 Test fixture**, with two pulleys of equal diameter, of the dimensions specified for the measuring pulleys of the specific belt according to the appropriate International Standard. The centre distance between the pulley shafts shall be adjustable to accommodate the required belt lengths of a specific belt and a means of applying the measuring force specified in the appropriate International Standard shall be provided. A clamping device shall be provided to lock the centre distance.

The fixture shall include a means of mechanically rotating one of the pulleys at a reasonable speed. While the specific speed is not critical, it shall be fast enough to ensure smooth operation. About 1 000 r/min is suggested. A fixture shall be provided for measuring the rotational frequency and either the velocity of the belt or the centre distance between the pulleys and the time of rotation of the belt.

### 6 Procedure

Fit the belt onto the fixture described in clause 5. Apply the measuring force as specified in the appropriate International Standard to tension the belt. Start the machine and allow it to operate for 5 min to seat the belt fully in the pulleys.