INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8135

Second edition
1999-03-01

Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series — Tolerances

Transmissions hydrauliques — Vérins 16 MPa (160 bar) série moyenne et 25 MPa (250 bar), à simple tige — Tolérances

Reference number
ISO 8135:1999(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 8135 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems,* Subcommittee SC 3, *Cylinders*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8135:1986), which has been technically revised.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

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Introduction

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit.

One component of such systems is the fluid power cylinder. This is a device which converts power into linear mechanical force and motion. It consists of a movable element, i.e. a piston and piston rod, operating within a cylindrical bore.

Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series — Tolerances

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies dimensional tolerances for 16 MPa [160 bar[1)]] medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series cylinders in accordance with ISO 6020-1 and ISO 6022, as required for interchangeability of commonly used hydraulic cylinders

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4393:1978, *Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Basic series of piston strokes.*

ISO 5598:1985, *Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary*.

ISO 6020-1:1998, *Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) series — Part 1: Medium series.*

ISO 6022:1981, *Hydraulic fluid power — Single rod cylinders — Mounting dimensions — 250 bar (25 000 kPa) series.*

ISO 6099:1985, *Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Identification code for mounting dimensions and mounting types*.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 5598 and the following definitions apply.

3.1
cylinder
device which converts fluid power into linear mechanical force and motion

3.2
cylinder bore
internal diameter of the cylinder

3.3
piston rod
element transmitting mechanical force and motion from the piston

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1) 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 10^5 Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm^2.