
**Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics,
advanced technical ceramics) — Test
method for fracture toughness of
monolithic ceramics at room temperature
by single edge precracked beam (SEPB)
method**

*Céramiques techniques — Méthode d'essai de ténacité à la rupture des
céramiques monolithiques à température ambiante sur éprouvette
préfiissurée sur une seule face (méthode SEPB)*



PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

This document is a preview generated by EVS

© ISO 2003

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Symbols and designations	3
5 Principle	3
6 Apparatus	4
7 Test specimens	7
8 Test methods	8
9 Evaluation of validity of measured value	13
10 Calculation	14
11 Test report	15
Annex A (informative) Precracking fixture	16
Annex B (informative) Recommended procedures in SEPB method	18
Bibliography	21

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15732 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 206, *Fine ceramics*.

This document is a preview generated by EVS

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for fracture toughness of monolithic ceramics at room temperature by single edge precracked beam (SEPB) method

1 Scope

This International Standard describes a test method for the determination of fracture toughness of monolithic ceramic materials at room temperature by the Single Edge Precracked Beam (SEPB) method.

This International Standard is intended for use with monolithic ceramics and whisker- or particulate-reinforced ceramics which are regarded as macroscopically homogeneous. It does not include continuous-fiber-reinforced ceramic composites.

This International Standard is for material development, material comparison, quality assurance, characterization, reliability and design data generation.

Fracture toughness values determined with other test methods cannot be interchanged with K_{Ipb} as defined in this International Standard, and may not be interchangeable with each other.

Values expressed in this International Standard are in accordance with the International System of Units (SI).

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1101:1983, *Technical drawings — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerancing of form, orientation, location and run-out — Generalities, definitions, symbols, indications on drawings*

ISO 3312:1987, *Sintered metal materials and hardmetals — Determination of Young modulus*

ISO 4287:1997, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

ISO 6507-1:1997, *Metallic materials — Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method*