MITTEINVASIIVSED SFÜGMOMANOMEETRID. OSA 2: KATKENDLIKU AUTOMATISEERITUD MÕÕTEVIISI KLIINILISED UURINGUD

Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Part 2: Clinical investigation of intermittent automated measurement type (ISO 81060-2:2018)

EESTI STANDARDIKESKUS
ESTONIAN CENTRE FOR STANDARDISATION

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 81060-2:2019 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 81060-2:2019 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 81060-2:2019 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 81060-2:2019.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 27.11.2019.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 27.11.2019.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile standardiosakond@evs.ee.

ICS 11.040.10

EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 81060-2

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Supersedes EN ISO 81060-2:2014

English Version

Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Part 2: Clinical investigation of intermittent automated measurement type (ISO 81060-2:2018)

Sphygmomanomètres non invasifs - Partie 2: Investigation clinique pour type ponctuel à mesurage automatique (ISO 81060-2:2018)

Nichtinvasive Blutdruckmessgeräte - Teil 2: Klinische Prüfung der intermittierenden automatisierten Bauart (ISO 81060-2:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 November 2019.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Ref. No. EN ISO 81060-2:2019 E

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 81060-2:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121 "Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 205 “Non-active medical devices” the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 81060-2:2014.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For the relationship with EU Directive(s) see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. However, for any use of this standard “within the meaning of Annex ZA", the user should always check that any referenced document has not been superseded and that its relevant contents can still be considered the generally acknowledged state-of-art.

When the ISO or IEC standard is referred to in the ISO text standard, this must be understood as a normative reference to the parallel EN standard or dated ISO standard, as outlined below, including the foreword and the Annexes ZZ.

NOTE The way in which these references documents are cited in normative requirements determines the extent (in whole or in part) to which they apply.

Table — Correlations between normative references and dated EN and ISO/IEC standards

Normative references as listed in Clause 2	Equivalent dated standard	
	EN	ISO/IEC
ISO 14155:2011	EN ISO 14155:2011	ISO 14155:2011
ISO 14971:2007	EN ISO 14971:2012	ISO 14971:2007
ISO 16142-1:2016	–	ISO 16142-1:2016
IEC 60601-1:2005+AMD1:2012	EN 60601-1:2006 +AMD1:2013 +AMD12:2014	IEC 60601-1:2005 +AMD1:2012
IEC 60601-1-11:2015	EN 60601-1-11:2015	IEC 60601-1-11:2015
IEC 60601-2-34:2011	EN 60601-2-34:2014	IEC 60601-2-34:2011
IEC 80601-2-30:2018	EN 80601-2-30:2019	IEC 80601-2-30:2018
ISO 81060-1:2007	EN ISO 81060-1:2012	ISO 81060-1:2007

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 81060-2:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 81060-2:2019 without any modification.

Annex ZA
(informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the essential requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC [OJ L 169] aimed to be covered

This European Standard has been prepared under a Commission's joint standardization request M/295 concerning the development of European standards relating to medical devices to provide one voluntary means of conforming to essential requirements of Council Directive 93/42/EEC of 14 June 1993 concerning medical devices [OJ L 169].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

NOTE 1 Where a reference from a clause of this standard to the risk management process is made, the risk management process needs to be in compliance with Directive 93/42/EEC as amended by 2007/47/EC. This means that risks have to be reduced 'as far as possible', 'to a minimum', 'to the lowest possible level', 'minimized' or 'removed', according to the wording of the corresponding essential requirement.

NOTE 2 The manufacturer's policy for determining acceptable risk must be in compliance with Essential Requirements 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 and 12 of the Directive.

NOTE 3 This Annex ZA is based on normative references according to the table of references in the European foreword, replacing the references in the core text.

NOTE 4 When an Essential Requirement does not appear in Table ZA.1, it means that it is not addressed by this European Standard.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European Standard and Annex I of Directive 93/42/EEC [OJ L 169]

Essential Requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC	Clause(s)/sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks/Notes
10.1	4, 5 and 6	Only the characteristics of the measurement performance (accuracy), as well as the corresponding tests methods, are addressed.

Essential Requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC	**Clause(s)/sub-clause(s) of this EN**	**Remarks/Notes**
13.6 a) j)	5.1.6 e), 6.2.1 d) 2), 6.2.2 a), 6.2.7, 7 h) and 7 i)	Covered only in respect of certain additional warnings contained in the indicated subclauses related to the following: – definition of special patient population; – that effectiveness has not been established in the presence of any dysrhythmias included in the exclusion criteria, where applicable; – specifying the arterial reference site; – disclosure of the method used to determine and verify the mean arterial pressure; – suitability for use with pregnant (including pre-eclamptic) patients, where applicable; – that effectiveness has not been established in pregnant (including pre-eclamptic) patients, where applicable.
Annex X, 2.3.1 to 2.3.3	5, 6 and 7	Covered only in respect of carrying our clinical investigations with – reference auscultatory sphygmomanometers; – reference invasive blood pressure monitoring equipment; and – pregnant patient populations, where applicable.

WARNING 1 — Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European Standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2 — Other Union legislation may be applicable to the products falling within the scope of this standard.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see http://patents.iec.ch).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared jointly by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121, *Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Respiratory devices and related equipment used for patient care*, and Technical Committee IEC/TC 62, *Electrical equipment in medical practice*, Subcommittee SC D, *Electromedical equipment*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 81060-2:2013), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— same arm simultaneous method has been deleted;

— numerous clarifications have been added and kPa equivalent values for the mmHg values have been included.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 81060 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Determining BLOOD PRESSURE is an important PROCEDURE that is clinically used to assess the status of a PATIENT.

BLOOD PRESSURE serves as aid to control the drug titration and fluid management and to provide warning about the changes in PATIENT'S state of health.

Frequently determining BLOOD PRESSURE is routine during anaesthesia. BLOOD PRESSURE serves to aid to control drug titration and fluid management and to provide warning about the changes in the PATIENT'S state of health.

In this document, the following print types are used:

— requirements, compliance with which can be verified, and definitions: roman type;

— informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller roman type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller roman type;

— *test methods: italic type;* and

— TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS DOCUMENT OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS TYPE.

In this document, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this document conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this document, the auxiliary verb:

— "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this document;

— "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this document;

— "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in Annex A.

Annex B maps the clauses and subclauses of this document with the ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES of ISO 16142-1:2016.